

PEACO-YX3000 Series SENSORLESS VECTOR TYPE USER MANUAL



Preface

Thank you for choosing PEACO Support Co., Ltd

PEACO-YX3000 series vector control inverter is mainly for market for OEM customers and the specific requirements for pump load applications, its flexible design, both embedded in one, can be widely used for speed control accuracy, speed, low-frequency output characteristics and other requirements.

This user manual supplies a detailed description of the vector control inverter includes product characterization, structure setting, operation and commissioning, inspection maintenance contents. Be sure to carefully read through the safety and use this product on the premise that personnel are ensured.

IMPORTANT NOTES

- To illustrate the details of the products, pictures in products with outer casing or safety cover being removed. product, please be sure to well install outer casing and operating in accordance with the manual content.
- The illustrations this manual for illustration only and products you have ordered;
- The company is committed to continuous improvement product features will continue to upgrade, and the in subject to change without notice.
- If you are using have questions, please write to our customer service centre at service@peacosupport.com
- The company's products please visit our website. <http://www.peacosupport.com>

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Chapter 1

Safety Precautions





- 1.1 Safety Considerations
- 1.2 Use Considerations.....
- 1.3 Cautions for Inverter Disposal






Users are requested to read this chapter carefully when installing and repairing this product and perform the operating precautions as set forth in this chapter to avoid any liability. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for any injury and loss as a result of a failure to follow the instructions.







Safety signs in this manual

	DANGER	indicates the situation in which the failure of the product or component may result in fire or serious personal injury or even death.
	CAUTION	indicates the situation in which the failure of the product or component may cause moderate or slight damage to equipment.

1.1 Safety Considerations

Use Stage	Safety	Precautions
Before Installation	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not install the product if the package or component is missing or broken; Do not install the product if the label on the package is not identical to that on the inverter.
	 CAUTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Be careful of carrying or transportation. Risk of damage; Do not use damaged product or the inverter component. Risk of injury; Do not touch the parts of control system with bare hands. Risk of ESD hazard.
Installation	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation base shall be metal or other non-combustible material. Risk of fire; Do not install inverter in an environment containing explosive gases, otherwise there is danger of explosion; Do not unscrew the fixing bolts, especially the red mark.
	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not leave cable strips or screws in the vicinity of inverter damage; Install the product at the place with less direct sunlight;

Use Stage	Safety	Precautions
Installation	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consider the installation space for two or more inverters are placed in the
Wiring	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wiring must be performed by authorized personnel. Risk of danger; Circuit-breaker should be installed between the inverter and the mains. Risk of fire; Make sure the input power supply has been disconnected before wiring. Failure to do so will result in personnel injury and/or equipment damage; Since overall leakage current of this equipment is bigger than 3.5mA, for safety's sake, the equipment and its associated motor must be well grounded to avoid risk of electric shock; Never connect the power cables to the output terminals (U,V,W) of the AC drive. Pay attention to the wiring terminals and ensure correct connection. Failure to comply will result in damage to the AC drive. Install braking resistors at terminals (P+ and P-) only. Failure to comply may result in equipment damage.
	 CAUTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Since the AC drive is a high-frequency device, users have been subjected to hi-pot test before delivery, users are prohibited from implementing a test on this equipment. Failure to do so will result in equipment damage. Signal wires should to the best of the ability be kept away from main power lines. If this cannot be achieved, a vertical cross-arrangement shall be implemented to avoid otherwise interference noise to control signal occur. If motor cables are longer than 100m, it is recommended that an output AC reactor be used. Failure to do so will result in faults.
Before Power-on	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inverter shall be power-on only after the equipment is assembled. Risk of electrical hazard.
	 CAUTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verify that the input voltage is identical to the rated voltage of product, correct wiring of input power supply.

Use Stage	Safety	Precautions
Before Power-on	 CAUTION	S, T or L1, L2 and output terminals U, V, and W must be in good connection. Risk of inverter damage.
After Power-on	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not open the cover after power. Risk of electrical hazard; Do not touch any input/output terminals with bare hands. Risk of electrical hazard.
	 CAUTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If auto tuning is required, be careful of the fan when motor is running. Risk of accident; Do not change the defaults of parameters. Risk of device damage.
During Operation	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-professionals shall not detect signal during operation. Risk of personal injury or device damage; Do not touch the fan or the discharging fan. Failure to comply will result in personal burnt.
	 CAUTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prevent any foreign items from being left during operation. Risk of device damage; Do not control start/stop of inverter by contactor. Risk of device damage.
Maintenance	 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintenance and inspection can only be performed by professionals. Risk of personal injury; Maintain and inspect devices after power is off. Risk of electric hazard; Repair or maintain the AC drive only when the AC drive is powered off. This allows the voltage in the capacitor to discharge to zero. Failure to comply will result in personal injury; All pluggable components can be inserted only when power has been turned off; Set and check the parameters again after the fan is replaced.

1.2 Use Considerations

1.2.1 Motor Insulation Inspection

When the motor is used for the first time or when the motor is kept, or when periodical inspection is performed, inspection should be conducted with motor so as to avoid damaging the insulation of the motor windings. The motor winding insulation failure during the insulation inspection. It is recommended to use 500V mega meter, and the insulating resistance measurement should be performed.

1.2.2 Motor Thermal Protection

If the motor rating does not match that of the inverter, or the power of the inverter is higher than that of the motor, or the parameters in the inverter do not match those of the motor, it is recommended to install thermal relay to protect the motor.

1.2.3 Operating with the Frequency Higher than Grid Power

Output frequency of ŠYX3000 is 50.00Hz. If ŠYX3000 is required to operate above 50.00Hz, please take the end user's requirements into consideration.

1.2.4 Mechanical Vibrations

Inverter may encounter mechanical resonance point of the output frequencies which can be avoided by setting the output frequency of the inverter.

1.2.5 Motor Heat and Noise

Since output voltage of inverter is PWM wave and contains high-order harmonics, so that the temperature, noise and vibration of the motor will be higher than those when the inverter runs at grid power frequency.

1.2.6 Voltage-sensitive device or capacitor on output side

Do not install the capacitor for improving power factor or voltage-sensitive resistor on the output side of the AC drive. Since the output voltage of the AC drive is PWM wave. Otherwise, the AC drive will be overcurrent or even be damaged.

1.2.7 Contactor at the I/O terminal of the AC drive

When a contactor is installed between the input side of the AC drive and the power supply, the AC drive must not be started or stopped by the contactor on or off. If the AC drive has to be operated by the contactor, the interval between switching is at least one hour since frequent switching will shorten the service life of the capacitor inside the AC drive.

When a contactor is installed between the output side motor, do not turn off the contactor when the AC drive modules inside the AC drive may be damaged.

1.2. Applied voltage

Apply ŠYX3000 to the rated voltage. Failure to comply will damage inverter or require a transformer to step-down voltage.

1.2. Do Not Apply 3-Phase Input Inverter to 2-Phase Applications

Do not apply 3-phase input inverter to 2-phase applications. Otherwise, it will result in a fault or damage inverter.

1.2.1 Lightning Protection

ŠYX3000 has integrated over-current protection device which has certain self-protection against lightning. In addition, protection device have to be installed between inverter and power supply area where lightning occurs frequently.

1.2.1.1 Altitude De-rating

In places where altitude above 1000m and the coefficient due to thin air, it is necessary to de-rate the AC drive. Consult technical support.

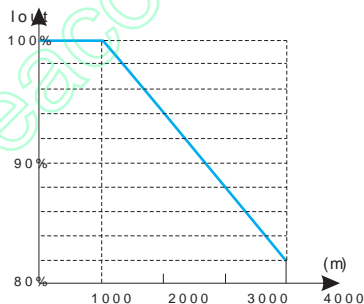


Figure 1-2 Inverter rated output current and elevation

1.2.12 Some special usages

If wiring that is not described in this manual such as contact * 0+ + *- / ! or technical support.

1.2.13 Adaptable Motor

The standard adaptable motor is adaptable four-pole squirrel-cage induction motor or PMSM. For other types of motor, please refer to the manual according to the rated motor current;

The cooling fan and rotor shaft of non-variable-frequency motor will overheat, which results in reduced cooling effect when the rotor speed is reduced. If a variable speed is required, add a more powerful fan or use a variable-frequency motor in applications where the motor overheats.

The standard parameters of the adaptable motor have been set for the AC drive. It is still necessary to perform motor auto-tuning after the motor values based on actual conditions. Otherwise, the running performance will be affected;

The AC drive may alarm or even be damaged when short-circuit occurs inside the motor. Therefore, perform insulation resistance test before the motor and cables are newly installed or during routine maintenance test, make sure that the AC drive is disconnected from the motor.

1.3 Cautions for Inverter Disposal

The electrolytic capacitors on the main circuit and PCB are burnt. Emission of toxic gas may be generated when the inverter is burnt. Please dispose inverter as industrial wastes.

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Chapter 2

Product Description

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2.1 Naming Rules

PYX3000 4- T 0015 G

1 2 3 4 5

Key	No.	Content
Abbreviation	1	PYX3000
Voltage level	2	2 ø 220V 4 ø 380V
Input voltage	3	S ø Single T ø Three phase
Power adapter	4	0.2KW~630KW
Load type	5	G ø Constant Torque P ø Fan pump

Figure 2-1 Name Designation Rules

2.2 Nameplate

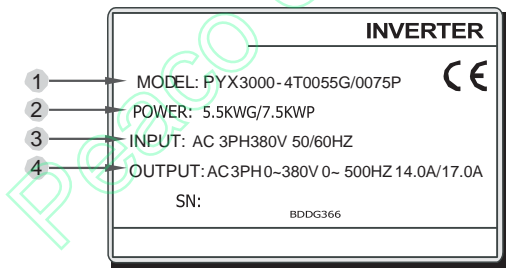


Figure 2-2 Name Designation Rules

No.	Content
1	Model
2	Rated power
3	Rated input voltage, frequency and current
4	Rated output voltage, frequency and current

2.3 Series model

Model		Rated Capacity (KVA)	Rated output current(A)	Motor power (KW)
G	P			
SYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 220V single phase				
P 3000-2S0004G	----	1.1	3.0	0.4
PYX uuurw uuu	----	vs	s	us
PYX uuurw uuuv	----	ws	s	vs
PYX uuurw uuww	----	s	vusu	wsu
SYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 220V three-phase				
PYX uuurw uuuv	----	su	su	vs
PYX uuurw uuww	----	su	vusu	wsu
SYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 380V three-phase				
PYX uuur uuu	PYX uuur uuuv	vs	ws	us
PYX uuur uuuv	3000-4T0022P	2.2	4.0	1.5
PYX uuur uuww	3000-4T0037P	3.0	6.0	2.2
PYX uuur uu	3000-4T0055P	5.9	9.6	3.7
PYX uuur uu	3000-4T0075P	8.5	14.0	5.5
PYX uuur uu	3000-4T0110P	11	17.0	7.5
PYX uuur uvvu	3000-4T0150P	17	25	11
PYX uuur uv u	3000-4T0185P	21.7	32	15
PYX uuur uv	3000-4T0220P	25.7	39	18.5
3000-4T0220G	3000-4T0300P	29.6	45	22
3000-4T0300G	3000-4T0370P	39.5	60	30
3000-4T0370G	3000-4T0450P	49.4	75	37
3000-4T0450G	3000-4T0550P	60	91	45
3000-4T0550G	3000-4T0750P	73.7	112	55
3000-4T0750G	3000-4T0900P	99	150	75
3000-4T0900G	3000-4T1100P	116	176	90
3000-4T1100G	3000-4T1320P	138	210	110
3000-4T1320G	3000-4T1600P	167	253	132
3000-4T1600G	3000-4T1850P	200	304	160
3000-4T1850G	3000-4T2000P	234	355	185
3000-4T2000G	3000-4T2200P	248	380	200
3000-4T2200G	3000-4T2500P	280	426	220
3000-4T2500G	3000-4T2800P	318	470	250
3000-4T2800G	3000-4T3150P	342	540	280

Model		Rated Cap (KVA)	Rated ou current	Motor po (KW)
G	P			
3000-4T3150G	3000-4T3500P	390	600	315
3000-4T3500G	3000-4T4000P	435	660	350
3000-4T4000G	3000-4T4500P	493	750	400
3000-4T4500G	3000-4T5000P	560	810	450
3000-4T5000G	3000-4T5600P	625	860	500
3000-4T5600G	3000-4T6300P	691	990	560
3000-4T6300G	3000-4T7100P	770	1100	630

2.4 Technical Specification

Items		Specifications
Input	Rated Voltage	Single phase 220V, three phase 200V, three phase 200V/220V, 50Hz/60Hz
	Tolerance	Voltage: $-20\% \sim +20\%$ voltage deviation Frequency: $\pm 5\%$
Output	Rated voltage	0~200V/220V/380V
	Frequency range	0Hz~500Hz
	Frequency resolution	0.01Hz
	Overload capacity	150% rated current for 1 minute, 180% rated current for 30 seconds
Control function	Modulation method	Optimized space voltage vector SVPWM
	Control mode	Sensorless vector control (with optimal compensation)
	Frequency Accuracy	Digital setting: The highest frequency $\times \pm 0.2\%$ Analog setting: The highest frequency $\times \pm 0.2\%$
	Frequency resolution	Digital setting: 0.01Hz; Analog setting: frequency $\times 0.1\%$
	Start frequency	0.40Hz~20.00Hz
	Torque boost	Auto torque boost, manual torque boost
	V/F curve	Five ways: constant torque V/F curve, constant torque V/F curve, 3 kinds of down torque curve (constant power)
	Acc./Dec. current	Two ways: linear Acc./Dec., S-curve Acc./Dec. time, Time unit (minute/second) 6000 minutes.
	DC braking	DC braking start frequency 0~1500Hz braking time 0~60.0s braking current 0~80%

Items		Specifications
Control function	Energy consumption	Below 22KW drive built-in energy consumption external braking resistor is optional.
	Jog running	Jog frequency range:0.1Hz~50.00Hz, Jog time:0.1~60.0s
	PI built-in	Easily constitute a close loop control system
	Multi-stage speed running	Multi-stage speed running available through control terminals
	Textile swing frequency	Swing frequency available with preset and adjustable
	Auto voltage regulation	Keep a stable voltage automatically when there are transients
	Auto energy saving running	Saving energy by auto optimizing V/F according to load
	Auto current limiting	Auto current limiting to prevent frequent starting
	Multi pumps control	With water supply kit, it can implement pressure water supply
	Communication	Support: Modbus, Profibus, CANlink, CANopen
Running function	Running command channel	Keypad , Control terminal , Serial port , all switchable
	Frequency setting channel	Keypad potentiometer setting; Control panel potentiometer setting; Function code setting; Serial port up/down setting; Input Analog voltage setting; Input Analog pulse setting; Combination ways setting; all switchable.
	Switch input	FWD/REV command: 8channels programmable; 35kinds of function can be set separately
	Analog input	4~20mA: 0-10V: 2 optional analog input
	Analog output channel	4~20mA or 0~10V optional, setting frequency, etc feature output
	Switch/pulse output channel	Programmable open collector output: relay pulse output:
Control panel	LED digital display	Display setting frequency, output voltage, output current
	External meter display	Display output frequency, output current
	Key lock	All the keys can be locked
	Parameter copy	Function code parameters can be copied to other inverters when use remote control panel

Items		Specifications
Protection function		Overcurrent protection: overvoltage protection: overheating protection: overload protection
Optional part		Braking unit: remote control panel: cable etc.
Environment	Environment	Indoors, avoid from direct sunlight, dust, mist, steam, water dropper salt, etc
	Altitude	Lower than 1000m (derating is necessary)
	Ambient temperature	-10!~+40!
	Humidity	<95%RH, no condensation
	Vibration	Lower than 5.9m/s (0.6g)
	Storage temperature	-20!~+60!
Structure	Protection level	IP20! In the selection of state display unit
	Cooling	Forced air cooling
Installation		Wall mounted; Floor mounted

2.5 Structure diagram

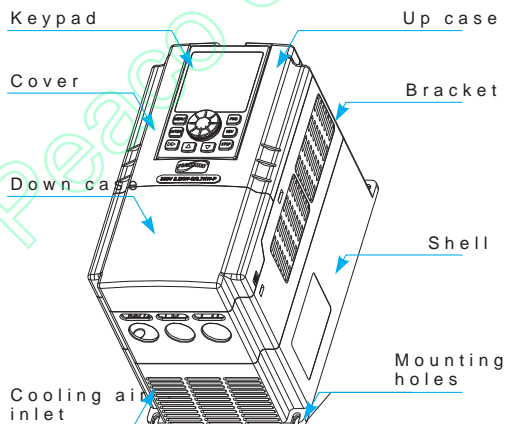


Figure 2-3 Product structure diagram

2.6 Dimensions

2.6.1 0775KW

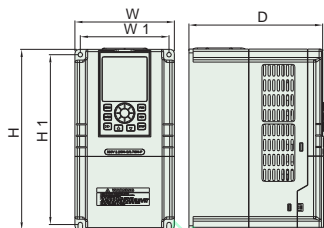


Figure 2-4

Model		Dimensions				Mounting dimensions(Pore size
G	P	H	W	D	H2	H1	W1	
ŠYX 2000 series/ Input voltage: 220V single phase								
2000-2S0004G	----	14	85	11	---	144	74	15
2000-2S0007G	----							
2000-2S0015G	----							
ŠYX 2000 series/ Input voltage: 380V three-phase								
2000-4T0007G	2000-4T00	14	85	11	---	144	74	15
2000-4T0015G	2000-4T00							
ŠYX 3000D series/ Input voltage: 220V single phase								
3000D-2S0022G	----	18	98	13	---	174	88	15
3000D-2S0037G	----							
ŠYX 3000D series/ Input voltage: 380V three-phase								
3000D-4T0007G	3000D-4T0015P	18	98	13	---	174	88	15
3000D-4T0015G	3000D-4T0022P							
3000D-4T0022G	3000D-4T0037P-M							
3000D-4T0022G	3000D-4T0037P	23	11	15	---	220	108	15
3000D-4T0037G	3000D-4T0055P							
3000D-4T0055G	3000D-4T0075P-M							
3000D-4T0075G	3000D-4T0110P-M	23	11	17	---	220	108	15
3000D-4T0110G	3000D-4T0110P-M							
ŠYX 3000 series/ Input voltage: 220V single phase								
3000-2S0004G	----	14	85	11	---	144	74	15
3000-2S0007G	----							
3000-2S0015G	----							
3000-2S0022G	----	18	98	13	---	174	88	15

Model			Dimensions				Mounting dimensions(Pore size
G	P		H	W	D	H2	H1	W1	
ŠYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 380V three-phase									
3000-4T0007G	3000-4T0015P		180	98	13	--	174	88	15
3000-4T0015G	3000-4T0022P		220	111	15	--	220	108	15
3000-4T0022G	3000-4T0037P		235	111	15	--	220	108	15
3000-4T0037G	3000-4T0055P		255	111	15	--	220	108	15
3000-4T0055G	3000-4T0075P		270	117	18	--	256	155	15
3000-4T0075G	3000-4T0110P		310	170	16	--	256	155	15

2.6.2 ~11 110KW

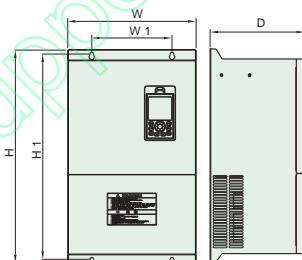


Figure 2-5

Model		Dimensions				Mounting dimensions (mm)		Pore size
G	P	H	W	D	H2	H1	W1	
SYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 380V three-phase								
PYX 3000-4T0110G	3000-4T0150P	320	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0150G	3000-4T0185P	350	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0185G	3000-4T0220P	380	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0220G	3000-4T0255P	410	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0255G	3000-4T0290P	440	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0290G	3000-4T0325P	470	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0325G	3000-4T0360P	500	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0360G	3000-4T0395P	530	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0395G	3000-4T0430P	560	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0430G	3000-4T0465P	590	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0465G	3000-4T0500P	620	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0500G	3000-4T0535P	650	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0535G	3000-4T0570P	680	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0570G	3000-4T0605P	710	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0605G	3000-4T0640P	740	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0640G	3000-4T0675P	770	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0675G	3000-4T0710P	800	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0710G	3000-4T0745P	830	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0745G	3000-4T0780P	860	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0780G	3000-4T0815P	890	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0815G	3000-4T0850P	920	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0850G	3000-4T0885P	950	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0885G	3000-4T0920P	980	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0920G	3000-4T0955P	1010	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0955G	3000-4T0990P	1040	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T0990G	3000-4T1025P	1070	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1025G	3000-4T1060P	1100	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1060G	3000-4T1095P	1130	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1095G	3000-4T1130P	1160	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1130G	3000-4T1165P	1190	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1165G	3000-4T1200P	1220	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1200G	3000-4T1235P	1250	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1235G	3000-4T1270P	1280	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1270G	3000-4T1305P	1310	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1305G	3000-4T1340P	1340	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1340G	3000-4T1375P	1370	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1375G	3000-4T1410P	1400	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1410G	3000-4T1445P	1430	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1445G	3000-4T1480P	1460	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1480G	3000-4T1515P	1490	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1515G	3000-4T1550P	1520	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1550G	3000-4T1585P	1550	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1585G	3000-4T1620P	1580	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1620G	3000-4T1655P	1610	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1655G	3000-4T1690P	1640	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1690G	3000-4T1725P	1670	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1725G	3000-4T1760P	1700	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1760G	3000-4T1795P	1730	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1795G	3000-4T1830P	1760	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1830G	3000-4T1865P	1790	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1865G	3000-4T1900P	1820	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1900G	3000-4T1935P	1850	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1935G	3000-4T1970P	1880	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T1970G	3000-4T2005P	1910	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2005G	3000-4T2040P	1940	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2040G	3000-4T2075P	1970	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2075G	3000-4T2110P	2000	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2110G	3000-4T2145P	2030	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2145G	3000-4T2180P	2060	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2180G	3000-4T2215P	2090	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2215G	3000-4T2250P	2120	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2250G	3000-4T2285P	2150	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2285G	3000-4T2320P	2180	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2320G	3000-4T2355P	2210	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2355G	3000-4T2390P	2240	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2390G	3000-4T2425P	2270	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2425G	3000-4T2460P	2300	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2460G	3000-4T2495P	2330	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2495G	3000-4T2530P	2360	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2530G	3000-4T2565P	2390	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2565G	3000-4T2600P	2420	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2600G	3000-4T2635P	2450	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2635G	3000-4T2670P	2480	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2670G	3000-4T2705P	2510	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2705G	3000-4T2740P	2540	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2740G	3000-4T2775P	2570	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2775G	3000-4T2810P	2600	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2810G	3000-4T2845P	2630	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2845G	3000-4T2880P	2660	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2880G	3000-4T2915P	2690	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2915G	3000-4T2950P	2720	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2950G	3000-4T2985P	2750	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T2985G	3000-4T3020P	2780	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3020G	3000-4T3055P	2810	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3055G	3000-4T3090P	2840	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3090G	3000-4T3125P	2870	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3125G	3000-4T3160P	2900	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3160G	3000-4T3195P	2930	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3195G	3000-4T3230P	2960	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3230G	3000-4T3265P	2990	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3265G	3000-4T3300P	3020	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3300G	3000-4T3335P	3050	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3335G	3000-4T3370P	3080	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3370G	3000-4T3405P	3110	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3405G	3000-4T3440P	3140	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3440G	3000-4T3475P	3170	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3475G	3000-4T3510P	3200	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3510G	3000-4T3545P	3230	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3545G	3000-4T3580P	3260	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3580G	3000-4T3615P	3290	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3615G	3000-4T3650P	3320	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3650G	3000-4T3685P	3350	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3685G	3000-4T3720P	3380	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3720G	3000-4T3755P	3410	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3755G	3000-4T3790P	3440	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3790G	3000-4T3825P	3470	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3825G	3000-4T3860P	3500	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3860G	3000-4T3895P	3530	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3895G	3000-4T3930P	3560	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3930G	3000-4T3965P	3590	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T3965G	3000-4T4000P	3620	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4000G	3000-4T4035P	3650	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4035G	3000-4T4070P	3680	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4070G	3000-4T4105P	3710	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4105G	3000-4T4140P	3740	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4140G	3000-4T4175P	3770	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4175G	3000-4T4210P	3800	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4210G	3000-4T4245P	3830	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4245G	3000-4T4280P	3860	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4280G	3000-4T4315P	3890	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4315G	3000-4T4350P	3920	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4350G	3000-4T4385P	3950	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4385G	3000-4T4420P	3980	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4420G	3000-4T4455P	4010	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4455G	3000-4T4490P	4040	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4490G	3000-4T4525P	4070	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4525G	3000-4T4560P	4100	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4560G	3000-4T4595P	4130	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4595G	3000-4T4630P	4160	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4630G	3000-4T4665P	4190	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4665G	3000-4T4700P	4220	220	19	---	310	170	16
PYX 3000-4T4700G	3000-4T4735P	4250	220	19	---	310	170	16
P								

Model		Dimensions				Mounting dimensions		Pore size
G	P	H	W	D	H2	H1	W1	
SYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 380V three-phase								
3000-4T0450G	3000-4T0550P	55	31	26	--	530	250	110
3000-4T0550G	3000-4T0750P	55	31	26	--	530	250	110
3000-4T0750G	3000-4T0900P	55	31	26	--	530	250	110
3000-4T0900G	3000-4T1100P	60	40	30	--	620	280	114
3000-4T1100G	3000-4T1320P	60	40	30	--	620	280	114

2.6.3 432 400kW (mounted)

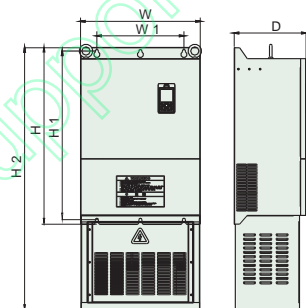


Figure 2-6

Model		Dimensions(mm)				Mounting dimensions(mm)		Port size
G	P	H	W	D	H2	H1	W1	
ŠYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 380V three-phase								
3000-4T1320G	3000-4T1600P	79	45	30	108	756	280	114
3000-4T1600G	3000-4T1850P	79	45	30	108	756	280	114
3000-4T1850G	3000-4T2000P	81	55	33	115	776	280	114
3000-4T2000G	3000-4T2200P	81	55	33	115	776	280	114
3000-4T2200G	3000-4T2500P	81	64	35	127	776	480	114
3000-4T2500G	3000-4T2800P	81	64	35	127	776	480	114
3000-4T2800G	3000-4T3150G	120	72	37	157	1150	500	114
3000-4T3150G	3000-4T3500G	120	72	37	157	1150	500	114
3000-4T3500G	3000-4T4000P	127	82	40	176	1220	600	114
3000-4T4000G	3000-4T4500P	127	82	40	176	1220	600	114

2.6.4. 280 315KW

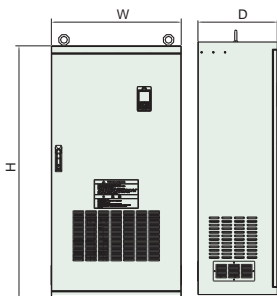


Figure 2-7

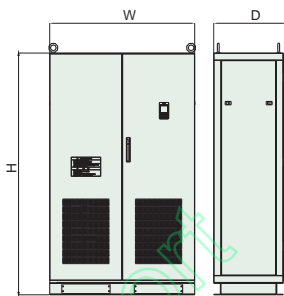


Figure 2-8

Model		Dimensions(mm)		
G	P	H	W	D
ŠYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 380V three-phase				
3000-4T2800G	3000-4T31500P	1500	720	440
3000-4T31500G	3000-4T35000P	1440		

2.6.5. 365300W

Model		Dimensions(mm)		
G	P	H	W	D
ŠYX 3000 series/Input voltage: 380V three-phase				
3000-4T35000G	3000-4T40000P	1700	950	475
3000-4T40000G	3000-4T45000P	1700		
3000-4T45000G	3000-4T50000P	1900	950	475
3000-4T50000G	3000-4T56000P	1900		
3000-4T56000G	3000-4T63000P	2000	1200	600
3000-4T63000G	3000-4T71000P	2000		

2.7 Optional Parts

The following parts are optional. If require, please order.

2.7.1 Remote control panel

Part name	model	Features	Description
Remote control panel	3000-YK01 No LCD liquid crystal display	1. Control slave to run, stop, jog, fault reset, change setting frequency, change function parameters and direction.	1.RS485 communication applied between remote control panel and inverter which are connected via core cable via RJ45 port.
	3000-YK02 Have LCD liquid crystal display	2. Monitor slave inverter's running frequency, setting frequency, output voltage, output bus bar voltage.	2. The maximum communication distance is 500M. The inverter supports local control and remote control panel at the same time, no conflict. Both can control the inverter. Hot plug in for remote control panel is available.

2.7.2 Communication cable

Part name	model	Features	Description
Communication cable for remote control panel	3000-LAN0020 2.0m	Used to remotely operate the keyboard and the drive host connection.	Standard options:1m, 10m, 20m. Which is 20m can be customized for the remote keyboard inverter connection.

2.7.3 Field bus Adaptor

Part name	Features	Description
Communication for remote control	The inverter can be connected into MODBUS field bus network via adaptor as slave station in network.	Please refer to Chapter 4 for communication protocol.

Part name	Features	Description
Communication remote control	<p>The function as follow:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✧ Send command to invert start, stop, jog running; ✧ Send speed or frequency inverter; ✧ Read status from invert; ✧ Fault reset for the inverte 	Please refer to Chapter 9 for communication protocol.

2.7.4 Braking Resistors

ŠYX3000 series inverters under 22KW have built-in braking. If braking is needed, please choose braking resistor according to Table 2-3. The wire connections of braking resistors are as follows:

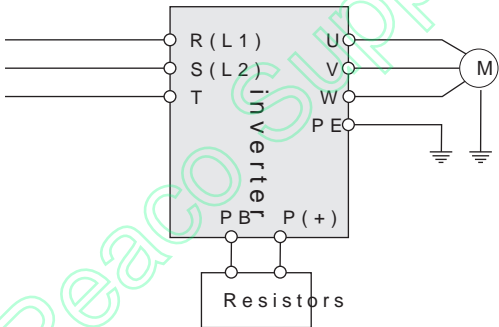


Figure 2-10 The wire connection of braking resistor

Table 2-1 Braking resistor selection table

Model	Applicable motor (KW)	Resistance	Resistor power	Brake unit
220V single phase				
3000-2S0004G	0.4KW	200Ω	100W	Built-in
3000-2S0007G	0.75KW	150Ω	200W	Built-in
3000-2S0015G	1.5KW	100Ω	400W	Built-in
3000-2S0022G	2.2KW	75Ω	500W	Built-in
380V three-phase				
3000-4T0007G	0.75KW	300Ω	400W	Built-in

Model	Applicable motor (KW)	Resistance	Resistor power	Brake unit
3000-4T0015G1.5KW	1.5KW	300 Ω	400W	Built-in
3000-4T0022G2.2KW	2.2KW	200 Ω	500W	Built-in
3000-4T0037G3.7KW	3.7KW	200 Ω	500W	Built-in
3000-4T0055G5.5KW	5.5KW	100 Ω	800W	Built-in
3000-4T0075G7.5KW	7.5KW	75 Ω	800W	Built-in
3000-4T0110G11KW	11KW	50 Ω	1KW	Built-in
3000-4T0150G15KW	15KW	40 Ω	1.5KW	Built-in
3000-4T0185G18.5KW	18.5KW	30 Ω	4KW	Built-in
3000-4T0220G22KW	22KW	30 Ω	4KW	Built-in
3000-4T0300G30KW	30KW	20 Ω	6KW	Built-in (Optional)
3000-4T0370G37KW	37KW	16 Ω	9KW	Built-in (Optional)
3000-4T0450G45KW	45KW	13.6 Ω	9KW	External
3000-4T0550G55KW	55KW	2 Ω *2	12KW	External
3000-4T0750G75KW	75KW	13.6 Ω *2	18KW	External
3000-4T0900G90KW	90KW	2 Ω *3	18KW	External
3000-4T1100G110KW	110KW	2 Ω *3	18KW	External

Peaco Support

Chapter 3

Installation and w

- 3.1 Installation
- 3.2 Removing and Mounting Front Cover of Inverter....
- 3.3 Wiring with Single phase motor.....
- 3.4 EMC Installation Instruction.....

3.1 Mechanical Installation

3.1.1 Installation Environment

- Please mount inside a well-ventilated location. The temperature is required to be within the range of $-10^{\circ}\text{C}\sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$. If the temperature is higher than 40°C , the inverter should be de-rated, at the same time the heat dissipation should be enhanced.
- Be away from the location full of dust or metal powder. The location should be free of direct sunlight.
- Mount in the location free of corrosive gas or combustible gas.
- Humidity should be lower than 90% with no dew condensation.
- Mount in the location where vibration is less than 5.9mm/s .
- Please try to keep the inverter away from EMI source devices which are sensitive to EMI.

3.1.2 Mounting Space and Direction

- Generally in vertical way.
- For the requirements on mounting space and distance, please refer to Figure 3-1.
- When several inverters are installed in one cabinet, they should be installed parallel with special incoming and outgoing ventilation. When two inverters are mounted up and down, an air duct should be fixed as shown in Fig.3-2 to ensure good heat dissipation.

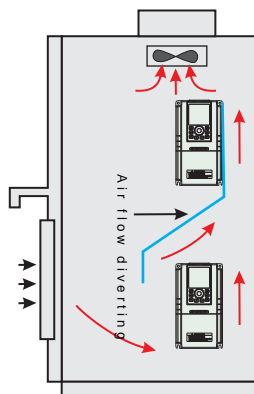
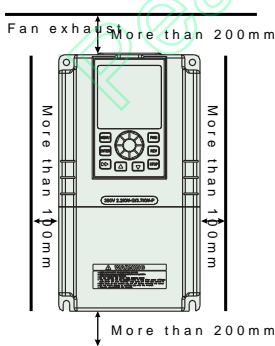


Figure 3-1 Mounting space requirements for a single inverter

3.2 Standard Wiring

3.2.1 Wiring precautions



DANGER

- Before wiring, please ensure the power has been removed for at least 10 minutes;
- Please do not connect AC power to output terminals
- To ensure the safety, the inverter and motor should be grounded. It is necessary to use copper wire above 3.5mm² as ground wire, resistance less than 10Ω;
- The inverter has gone through voltage withstand test, please do not make it again;
- Solenoid switch or absorbing devices, such as ICM, should not connect inverter output;
- To provide input over current protection and for convenience, the inverter should be connected to AC power through a circuit breaker;
- Please use twisted wire or shielded wire above 0.75mm² for relay input/output loop(X1~X6, FWD, REV, OC, DO). One layer suspended, and the other side connected to PE of inverter, wiring length less than 50m .



CAUTION

- The cover can be removed only when the power is switched off on the panel are off and waiting at least for 10 minutes
- Wiring work can be performed only when the DC voltage between P- terminals is lower than 36V;
- Wiring work can only be done by trained or professional personnel
- Before usage, check whether the mains voltage meets the inverter input voltage.

3.2.2 Main Circuit Wiring

3.2.2.1 Main circuit wiring diagram

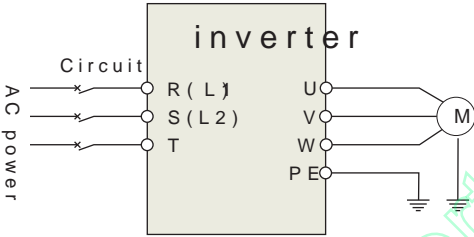


Figure 3-3 Main circuit wiring

3.2.2.2 Main Circuit Terminals Diagram

Apply to	Main circuit terminals	Terminal name	Function
220V 1-phase 0.4KW~2.2KW		L1 L2	220V 1-phase Input terminals
		U0 V0 W	3-phase Output terminals
		E	Earthing
380V 3-phase 0.75KW~1.5KW		R0 S0 T	380V 3-phase Input terminals
		U0 V0 W	380V 3-phase Output terminals
		P+0 PB	Braking resistor wiring
380V 3-phase 2.2KW~3.7KW		R0 S0 T	380V 3-phase Input terminals
		U0 V0 W	380V 3-phase Output terminals
		P+0 PB	Braking resistor wiring
380V 3-phase 5.5KW~22KW		R0 S0 T	380V 3-phase Input terminals
		U0 V0 W	380V 3-phase Output terminals
		P+0 PB	Braking resistor wiring
380V 3-phase 30KW~63KW		R0 S0 T	380V 3-phase Input terminals
		U0 V0 W	380V 3-phase Output terminals
		P+0 P-	Braking resistor wiring

Table 3-1 Description of Main Circuit input/output terminals

3.2.3 Basic Wiring Diagram

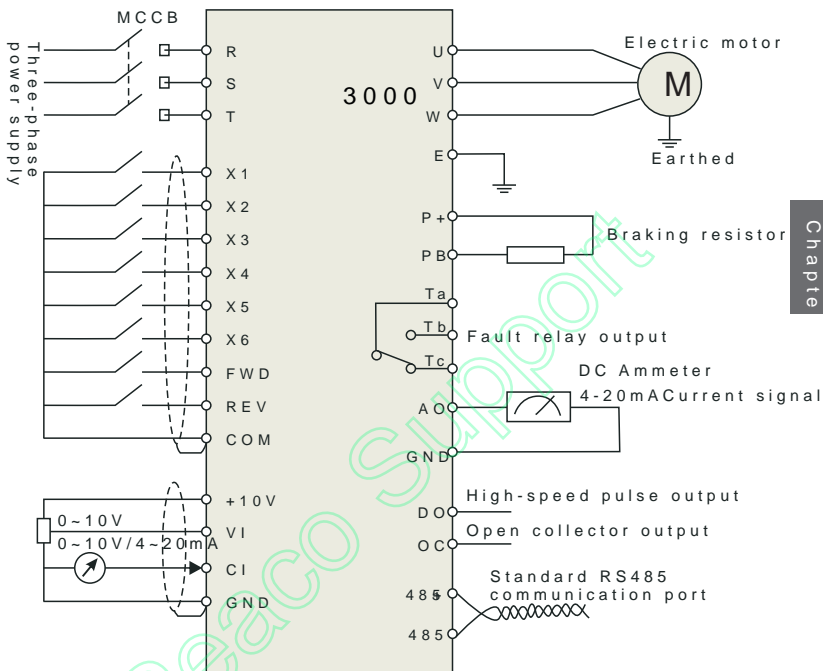


Figure 3-4 Basic Wiring Diagram

3.2.4 Control Circuit Terminal Wiring

3.2.4.1 Position and Function of Terminals and Jumpers on Control Circuit Terminal Block

When wiring the control circuit, please use the inverter, Please make correct terminals wiring. It is suggested to use above 1mm wire as terminal connection.

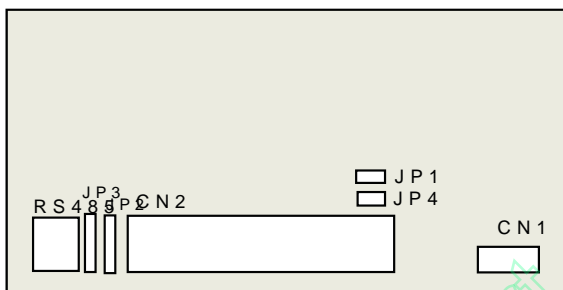


Figure 3-5 Position of terminals and jumpers on

3.2.4.2 Jumper switch

NO	Function	Setting	FD
JR	Pulse output terminal DO power selection	1-2 connected: internal 24V power 2-3 connected: external power	external power
JR	Analog output current/voltage selection	1-2: 0~10V: AO1 output voltage signal 2-3: 4~20mA: AO1 output current signal	0~10V
JR	0~10V Terminal current/voltage Input selection	1-2: V side, 0~10 V voltage signal 2-3: I side, 4~20 mA current signal	0~10V
JR	X6 terminal input selection	1-2: PLC side X6 used as multi terminal 2-3: FCH side used as an external pulse input	PLC side

Table 3-2 Jumper switch function

3.2.4.3 Function of CN 1 terminal

Sort	Terminal	Name	Function Description	Specification
Relay output terminal	TA/RT	Multi functional relay output terminal	Can be defined as multifunctional Relay output terminal programming, refer to Chapter 6.5 P4.12	TA-TC: NC
	TB/RT			TA-TB: Normally open contact capacity AC (COSφ=1)
	TC/RT			AC250V/1A (COSφ=1) DC30V/1A

Table 3-3 CN 1 terminal function

3.2.4.4 Function of CN 2 terminal

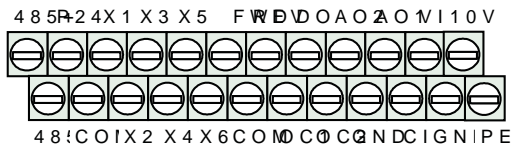


Figure 3-6 CN2 terminal order

Sort	Terminal	Name	Function Description	Specification
Communication	485+	Rs485 communication port	Rs485 differential positive terminal	Twisted or shielded cable needed
	485-		Rs485 differential negative terminal	
Multifunction output terminal	OC1	Open collector output terminal	Can be defined as multifunctional output terminal for programming, relay output terminal Chapter 6.5P4.1 (Common port: C0)	Couple isolated output Working voltage: 5V Max.output current: 100mA
	OC2	Open collector on-off output terminal	Can be defined as multifunctional on-off output terminal for programming, relay output terminal Chapter 6.5P4.1 (Common port: C0)	Couple isolated output Working voltage: 5V Max.output current: 100mA
Pulse output terminal	DO	Open collector pulse output terminal	Can be defined as multifunctional output terminal for programming, relay output terminal Chapter 6.5P4.2 (Common port: C0)	Max. output frequency: 20KHz output frequency range by P4.21
Analog input	VI	Analog voltage input	Analog voltage input (Grounding: GND)	Input voltage range: 0~5V (input resistance: 10kΩ) Resolution: 1/1000
	CI	Analog current input	Analog voltage/current input, Choose voltage input by JP3 jumper. Factory default: current input (Grounding: GND)	Input voltage range: 0~5V (input resistance: 10kΩ) Input current range: 0~20mA (input resistance: 10kΩ) Resolution: 1/1000

Sort	Terminal	Name	Function Description	Specification
Analog output	AO1	Analog output A	Analog voltage/current output, indicating 7 quantities. Voltage or current setting JP2 jumper. Factory default: voltage output (Grounding: GND)	Current output range: 4~20mA Voltage output range: 0~10V
	AO2	Analog output A	Analog voltage output indicating 7 quantities (Grounding: GND)	Voltage output range: 0~10V
Running	FWD	Forward	Refer to chapter 6	Couple isolated input resistance
	REV	Reverse		
Multifunction input terminal	X2	Multifunctional input terminal		Input frequency range: 9~30V X1-X4 FWD 0 REV COM Closed effective
	X3	Multifunctional input terminal		
	X4	Multifunctional input terminal		
	X5	Multifunctional input terminal		
	X6	Multifunctional input terminal		
Power source	P24	+24V power source	Supply +24V power (negative terminal)	
	10V	+10V power source	Supply +10V power (terminal: GND)	Max. output current: 50mA
	GND	+10V common port	Grounding of analog and +10V power source	Terminal COM and GND are isolated inside
	COM	+24V common port	Digital signal input common port	

Table 3-4 CN 2 terminal function

3.2.5 Analog Input/Output Terminal Wiring

① Analog voltage signal input through VI terminal as follow

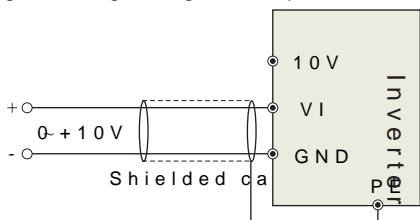


Figure 3-7 VI terminal wiring

② Analog signal input through CI terminal, jumper selection (0~10V) or input current (4~20mA) as follow wiring

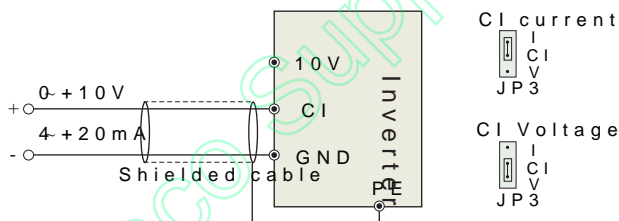


Figure 3-8 CI terminal wiring

③ Analog output terminal AO wiring

Analog output terminal can be connected with external various physical quantity, jumper selection for output current (4~20mA) as follow wiring.

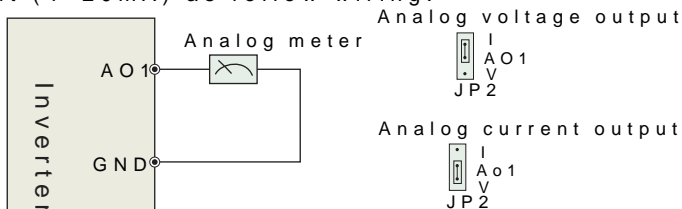


Figure 3-9 Analog output terminal wiring

NOTES:

- Filter capacitor or common-mode inductor can be installed between the inverter and GND terminal or CI and GND terminal when using analog control mode.
- Please use shielded cable and do well grounding, keep the cable as short as possible in order to prevent external interference when using RS485 communication mode.

3.2.6 Communication Wiring

The inverter supplies standard RS 485 communication port. It can constitute one master one slave control system or multiple master-slaves system. The upper computer(PC/PLC) can realize real time control of the control system and achieve complicated control functions such as speed control and torque control, etc.

- Remote control panel can be connected to RS485 port of inverter by plugging in the remote control panel into RS485 port of inverter. The local control panel of inverter and remote control panel can be used at the same time.
- Inverter RS 485 port and upper computer wiring as follows:

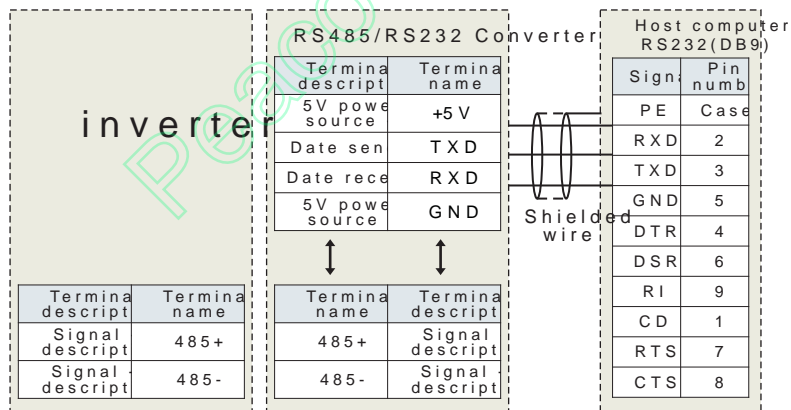


Figure 3-10 RS485-(RS485/232)-RS232 communication wiring

➤ Multi inverters can communicate via RS485, controller shown as Fig.3-11. It also can be controlled by one of them as Fig.3-12.

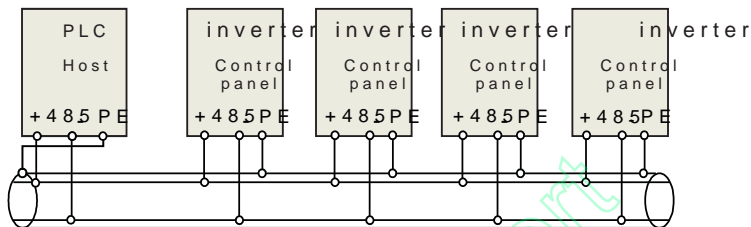


Figure 3-11 PLC communication with multi inverters

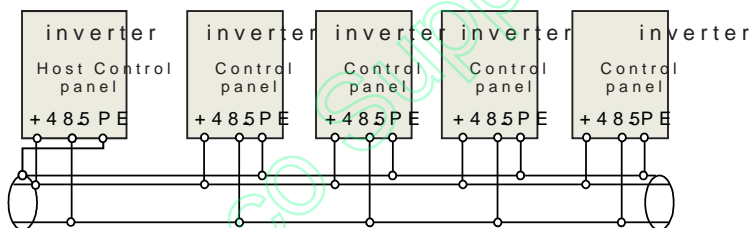


Figure 3-12 Multi inverters communication

The more inverters connected, the more the communication occur. Please make wiring as above and do well ground motors, or adopt the following measures to prevent interference wiring can't work.

- ❶ Separately power supply to PC/PLC or isolated the power supply
- ❷ Use EMIFIL to the wire or reduce carrier frequency properly

3.3 Wiring with Single phase motor

3.3.1 Single phase motor introduction

Single phase motor generally means asynchronous single phase motor. It is powered by single phase AC 220V, there are two phase windings in the motor, the rotor is common squirrel cage. The distribution of torque at different power supply will lead to different starting characteristics.

Usually single phase motor is with single capacitor or double capacitor. The internal wiring of motor are as below:

Figure 3-13 Motor with single capacitor and double capacitor

Single phase motor is consisted of main winding, secondary winding and centrifugal switch, internal wiring of single phase motor is as below:

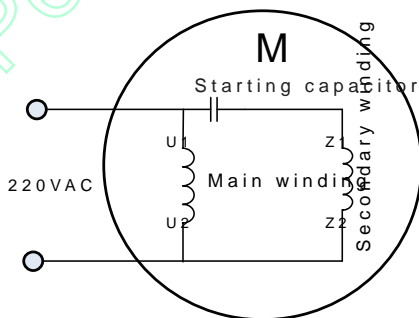


Figure 3-14 Operation mode: Internal wiring of motor with single capacitor

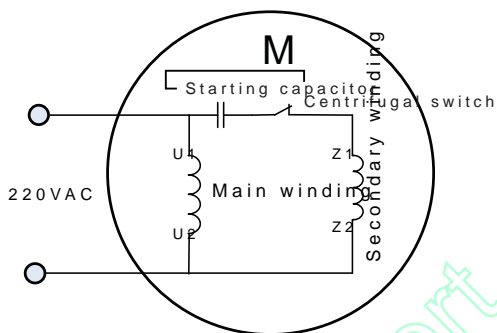


Figure 3-15 Starting mode: Internal wiring of motor with double capacitor

Internal wiring of single phase motor with double capacitor

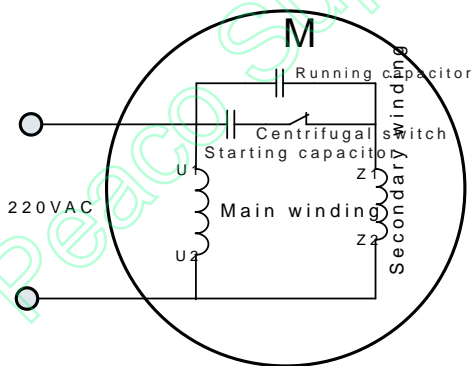


Figure 3-16 Internal wiring of motor with double capacitor

Resistor starting mode single phase motor, and internal

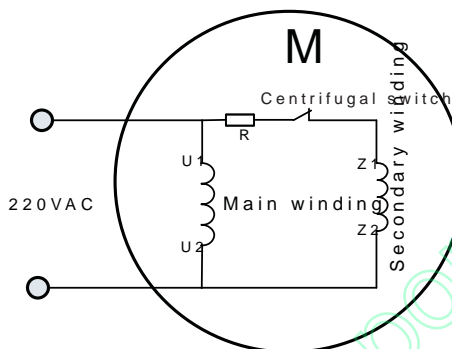


Figure 3-17 Resistor starting mode: Internal wiring

After removing the capacitors from above motors, remain winding terminals as below:

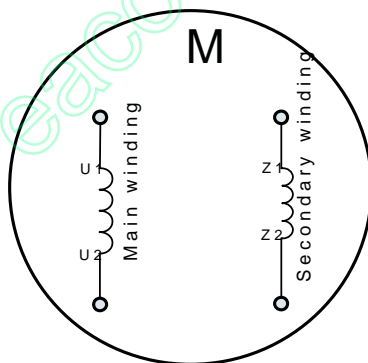


Figure 3-18 Main and secondary winding of motor (After removing capacitors)

3.3.2 Wiring between VFD and motor (Capacitor removable)

Connect main and secondary winding of motor to inverter can work. But due to the motor winding difference, motor may not work as below, if not cause motor too heat.

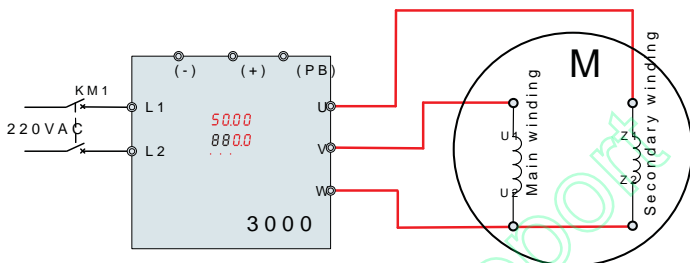


Figure 3-19 Forward wiring between 3000 ($\leq 0.75K$)

Motor reverse can't be completed through parameter change any two phase wirings, motor reverse wiring must be completed through parameter change.

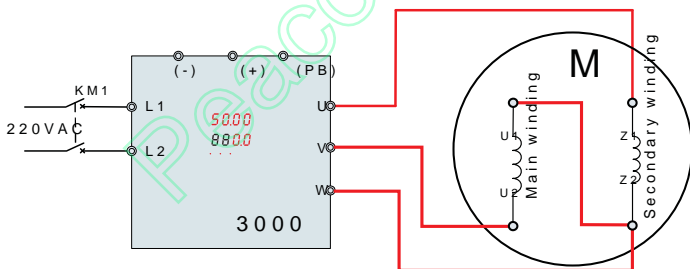


Figure 3-20 Reverse wiring between 3000 ($\leq 0.75K$)

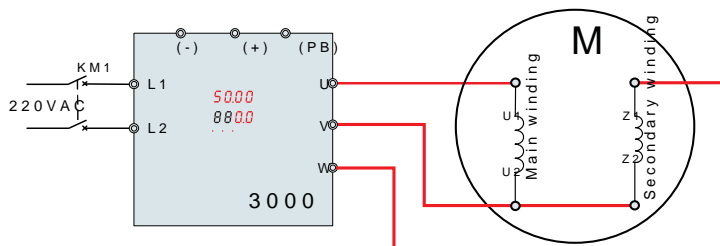


Figure 3-21 Forward wiring between YX3000 (0.75kW)

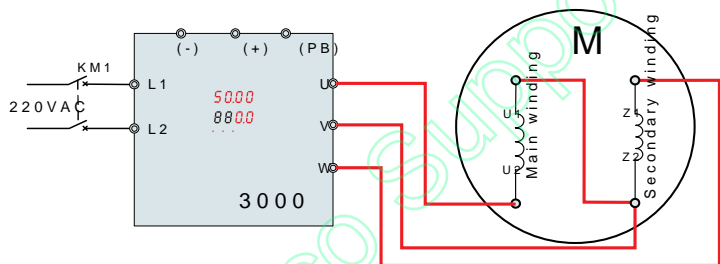


Figure 3-22 Reverse wiring between YX3000 (0.75kW)

Note: After wiring completed, need to set P9.13=1(Thousand)

3.3.3 Wiring between VFD and motor (Non-removable capacitor)

If the capacitor in motor is Non-removable, the wiring sequence and reverse is determined by VW wiring sequence.

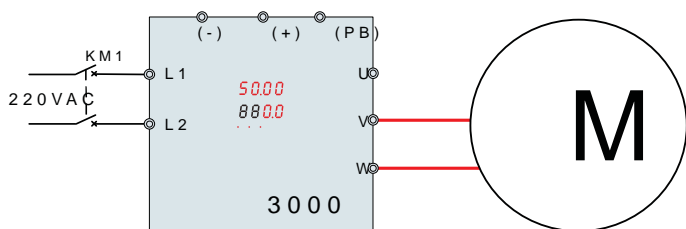


Figure 3-23 Wiring between 3000 ($\leq 0.75\text{Kw}$) and

The forward and reverse is determined by UV wiring sequence.

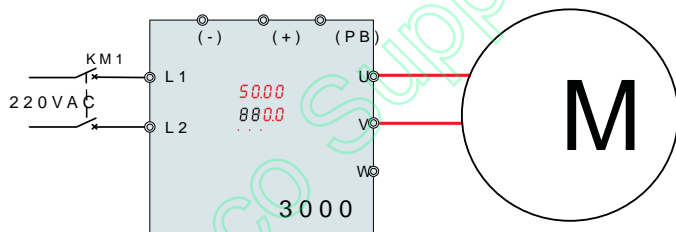


Figure 3-24 Wiring between 3000 ($\leq 0.75\text{Kw}$) and

Note: After wiring completed, need to set P9.13=2(Thousand)

3.4 EMC Installation Instruction

Inverter outputs PWM wave, it will produce electromagnetic interference, EMC installation will be introduced in suppression, wire connection, grounding, leakage current supply.

3.4.1 Noise Suppression

3.4.1.1 Noise Type

Noise is unavoidable during inverter operation. Its influence is related to the noise type, transmission means, installation, wiring and grounding of the driving system.

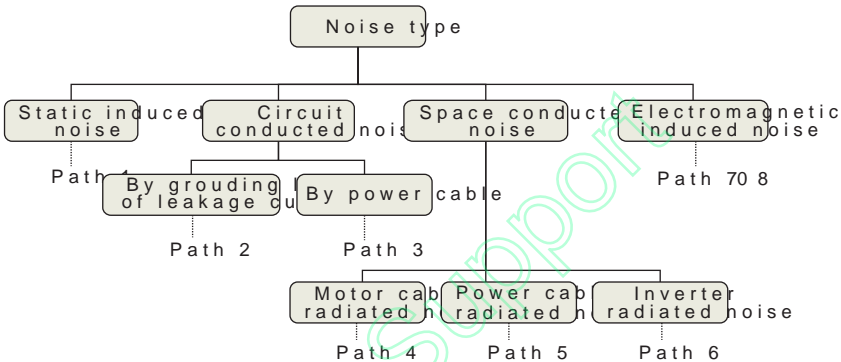


Figure 3-13 Noise classification

3.4.1.2 Noise Suppression Methods

Path	Noise suppression methods
Path 2	✧ If a closed loop is formed between the peripheral inverter wiring, the grounding leakage of the inverter equipment. Solution: Remove the grounding of the peripheral equipment.
Path 3	✧ When peripheral equipment share the same power supply with the inverter, the noise transmitted through the power line to the peripheral equipment. Solution: Mount a noise filter on the power line or isolate the peripheral equipment with an isolated power supply.
Path 4 Path 5 Path 6	✧ Electronic equipment such as computers, measuring instruments and radio equipment, when in the same cabinet with the inverter wiring close to the inverter, may misoperate due to the electromagnetic interference. Solution: Mount a noise filter on the power line or isolate the peripheral equipment with an isolated power supply.

Path	Noise suppression methods
Path 4 Path 5 Path 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✧ The susceptible equipment and its signal lines should be away from the inverter. Use shielded cable for the signal line and the inverter input/output cable. When crossing of the inverter input/output cables is inevitable, make sure the crossing is at right angles. ✧ Mount radio noise filter or linear noise filter (choke) on the side of the inverter to suppress the radio noise. ✧ The shielding coat for the cable connecting inverter and motor should be thick. The wiring can be arranged through the pipe or cement trench. The cable should be through a shielding coat grounded. You may use the 4-core power cable. Ground one core at inverter side and the other connected to the motor case.
Path 7 Path 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✧ When the signal cables are parallel to, or bound to the power cables, the static and electromagnetic induction voltage will be transmitted through the signal cable, misoperating the inverter. Solution ✧ Avoid laying the signal cables parallel to the power cables together; ✧ Keep the susceptible peripheral equipment away from the inverter. ✧ Keep the susceptible signal cables away from the inverter. Shielded cables should be used as the signal cables. Lead them through metal pipes respectively would be better. The metal pipes should be at least 20cm away from the inverter.

Table 3-5 Noise suppression method

3.4.2 Wiring Connection and Grounding

- ① Please do not to wire motor cable (from inverter to motor) and power cable and keep at least 30cm from each other;
- ② Please try to arrange the motor cable through Control cabinet or in metal wiring groove;
- ③ Please use shielded cables control signal cable, and the shielded coat to PE terminal of inverter with proximal grounding;
- ④ PE grounding cable should be directly connected to the ground;
- ⑤ The control signal cable shouldn't be in parallel with the power cable (power cable/motor cable). They should not be bent together.

kept away as least 20cm from each other. If cable cross make sure it is same as Fig.3-16;

- ⑥ Please ground the control signal cable separately with cable;
- ⑦ Please don't connect other devices to inverter power

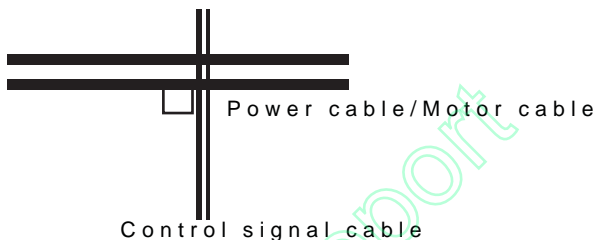


Figure 3-14 System wiring requirements

Chapter 4

Operation, Display and Application

- 4.1 Initial Power on Operation
- 4.2 Running of Inverter.....
- 4.3 Introduction of the keypad.....
- 4.4 Control Panel Display State.....
- 4.5 Keyboard operation.....

4.1 Initial Power on Operation

After inspecting cable connection and power source for input AC power switch. The inverter's LED on control panel starts the start menu. When it displays set frequency, it means the operation is completed.

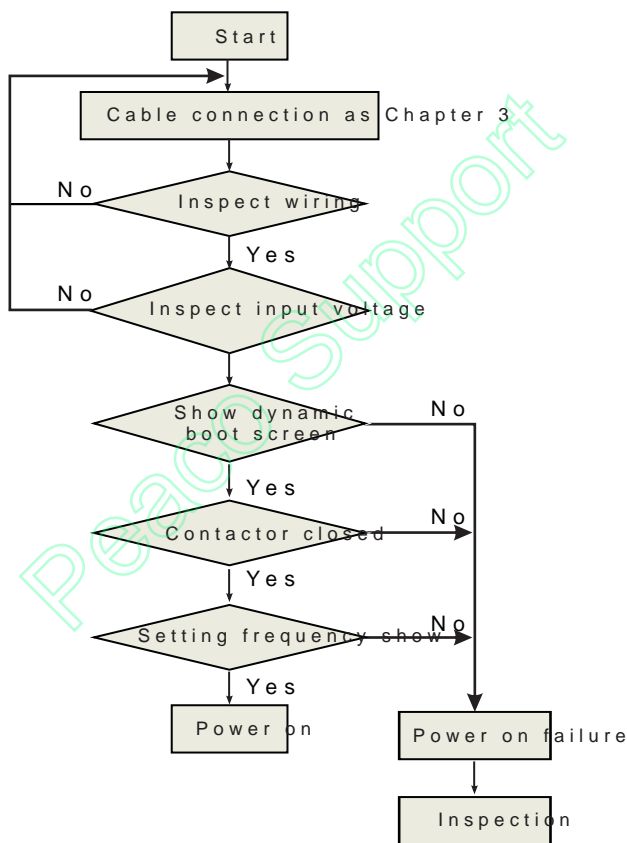


Figure 4-1 Inverter first power applied operation

4.2 Running of Inverter

4.2.1 Running Command Channels





Channel	Control method
Control panel	Use     Keys on the panel to control the inverter. (Factory default)
Control terminal	Use terminal FWD, REV, COM to constitute a 2-wire control mode. One of terminals among X1~X6 and FWD, REV to constitute a 2-wire control mode.
Serial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✧ Use upper computer (PC/PLC) or Master inverter to start or stop via serial port. ✧ The command channels can be selected by setting P0.03, or by multifunctional input terminal (function code).

Table 4-1 Running Command Channels

Note

These three channels are all switchable. Please make debugging carefully to avoid equipment damage and personal injury.

4.2.2 Frequency setting channel

There are 8 kinds of frequency setting channels as follows:



Number	Channel	Number	Channel
0	by control panel potentiometer	1	by   control panel
2	digital setting by function code	3	via terminal UP/DOWN
4	by upper computer via RS485	5	analog setting via VI
6	analog setting via C1	7	via pulse terminal
8	combination setting		

Table 4-2 Frequency setting channel

4.2.3 Inverter Running States

There are 8 kinds of frequency setting channels as follow:

Channel	Control method
Standby state	When power switch on, inverter will be in standby control command. Or receiving Stop command during running, inverter will stop and standby.
Running state	After running control command is received, the inverter will start running.

Table 4-3 Inverter Running States

4.2.4 The Running Modes of Inverter

There are five running modes according to priority which are open loop running, PLC running, multi-stage speed running, and so on, shown in Fig.4-4.

Running Modes	Control method
0y JOG running	In stopping state, after receiving JOG running command, inverter will start according to JOG frequency, for example, after pressing the JOG button to give JOG command (refer to function code P3.0).
1y Close loop running	By setting close loop running control parameter (function 27) to 1, inverter will enter close loop running, that is PID control (function code P7). To make close loop running invalid, please set input terminal (function 27) and switch to lower priority.
2y PLC running	By setting PLC function parameter (function code P8) to 1, inverter will enter PLC running mode and run according to pre-set frequency (function code P8). To make PLC running invalid, please set input terminal (function 29) and switch to lower priority.
3y Multi-stage speed running	By setting non-zero combination of multifunction parameter (function 1, 2, 3) and selecting multi-frequency 1-7, inverter will enter multi-stage speed running mode (refer to function code P3.1).
4y Normal running	Simple open loop running mode of inverter.

Table 4-4 The Running Modes of Inverter

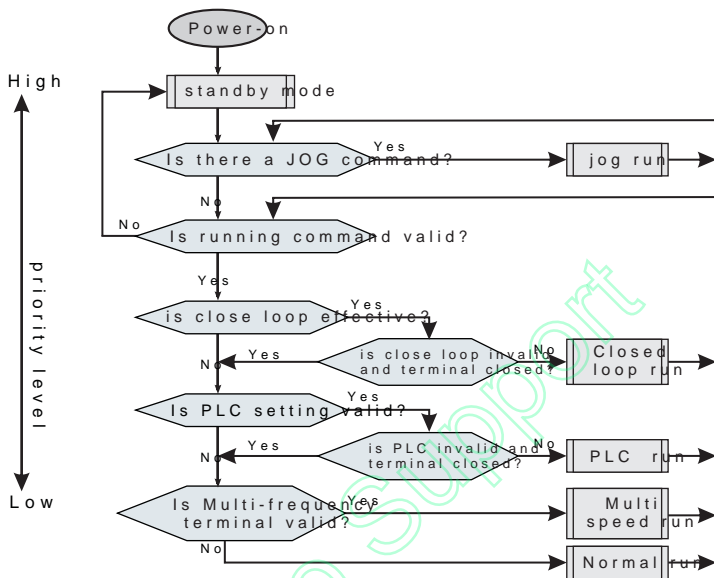


Figure 4-2 Running mode logic diagram

The above 5 kinds of running modes can be running in r channel except JOG running. PLC running, multi-stage normal running can carry out swing frequency running

4.3 Introduction of the keypad

4.3.1 Keyboard interface

User can control inverters start, frequency adjust, stop parameters and control peripheral equipment at the control terminal.

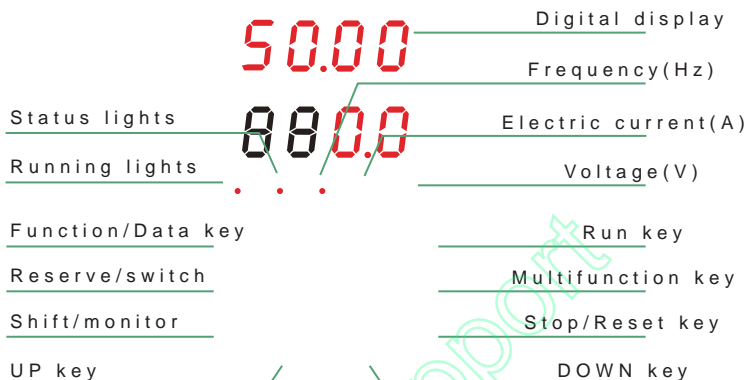


Figure 4-3 Control panel diagram

4.3.2 Keyboard Introduction

Name	Function Description	
Status indica	RUN	In keypad mode, pressing the key, inverter
	LOCAL	%LOCAL/REMOTE Operation panel control
	LOCAL	%LOCAL/REMOTE Terminal control
Unit indica	LOCAL	%LOCAL/REMOTE Communication control
	It represents the current display of the Keypad	
	Hz	Frequency unit
	A	Current unit
	V	Voltage unit
	RPM	Speed unit
	%	Percentage








Name		Function Description					
Code Display Zone	There are a 4 digits LED display,display displays alarm code such as set frequency and output frequency						
	Display letter	Corresponding letter	Display letter	Corresponding letter	Display letter	Corresponding letter	Display letter
	0	0	1	1	2	2	
	3	3	4	4	5	5	
	6	6	7	7	8	8	
	9	9	A	A	b	b	
	C	C	d	d	E	E	
	F	F	H	H	I	I	
	L	L	N	N	n	n	
	o	o	P	P	r	r	
	S	S	t	t	U	U	
	v	v	.	.	-	-	
	Digital potentiometers		Left rotary, the same function as UP key. Right rotary, the same function as DOWN KEY Pressing potentiometer				
Keypad button zone		Run	In keypad mode, pressing the key can start the inverter run				
		Multifunction	REV key is defined as Reverse key, which can be self-defined key which can be set				
		Stop/Reset	Inverter in running status, pressing the key can stop inverter when command given, return to fault status, pressing the key can reset				
		Function/Menu	Enter or exit programming status				
		UP	Data or function code increment				
		DOWN	Data or function code decrement				
		Shift/Monitor	In programming, the key can shift to other status, the key can shift to parameter				
		Reserved switch	In programming, the key can enter manual or reserve the setting				

Table 4-5 Keyboard function description

4.4 Control Panel Display State

The control panel display state includes parameter display, function code parameter displaying in programming state, and parameter displaying in running state.

4.4.1 Stopping state Parameter display

When inverter is in stopping state, panel displays stopping parameter which usually is setting frequency (b-01 monitoring parameter). See Fig.4-4 B.

Press **▶▶** key to display the other monitoring parameter. The panel displays the first 7 monitoring parameters of b group, which can be defined by function code P3.41 and P3.42. Please refer to the manual key for switching to default display parameter b-01, which will display the last monitoring parameter.



Figure A Power on to initialize the status, display Running status, showing dynamic picture
Figure B Stopping status, display the operating status parameter
Figure C Running status, display the operating status parameter

Figure 4-4 Parameter display in initialization, stopping, and running states

4.4.2 Parameter displaying in running state

The inverter enters running state after receiving valid command. The control panel displays running state monitoring parameter. The output frequency (b-00 monitoring parameter) shown as follows.

Press **▶▶** key can display the monitoring parameter in running state (function code P3.41 and 3.42). While pressing **ENTER** key can switch to default display parameter b-00, that is to say, display the last monitoring parameter.

4.4.3 Fault displaying in alarm state

The Inverter enters fault alarm display state after fault occurred. Fault code will be flashing.

Press **▶▶** key to check fault related parameter. When parameter, press **ENTER** key for switching to Fault code display.

Press **MEN** key to enter programming state to check P6 information. After troubleshooting, press **STOP** key to reset terminal/serial port. If the fault still exists, it will keep



Figure 4-5 Fault alarm display state

Note

To some serious fault such as IGBT protection, over current, over temperature, etc., stop the inverter before clearing the fault for sure, otherwise there is a risk of damage to the inverter.

4.4.4 Function code programming state

In the state of stopping, running, and fault alarm, press **MEN** key to enter programming state (A password is required, If it has been set, see the password description and Fig.4-9). The programming state includes the following: shown as Fig.4-6 which in order are function code group, function code parameter. Press **ENTER** key to enter each code parameter display menu, press **ENTER** key to save parameter and back to previous menu without parameter saving.

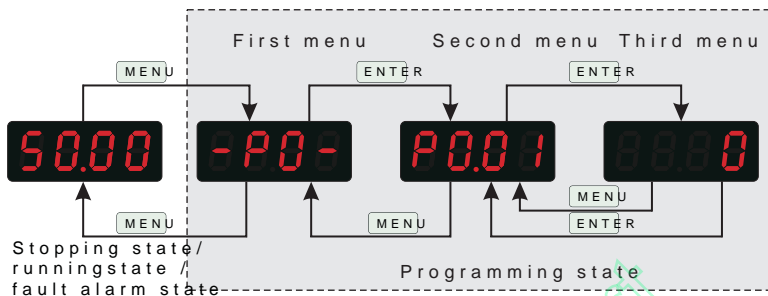


Figure 4-6 Control panel programming state

4.5 Keyboard operation

Through the operating panel of inverter for various op follows:

4.5.1 Switching display of state monitoring parameter

Pre key to display b group state monitoring parameter code of monitoring parameter, after 1 second, it switch the value of this monitoring parameter shown as Fig.4-7

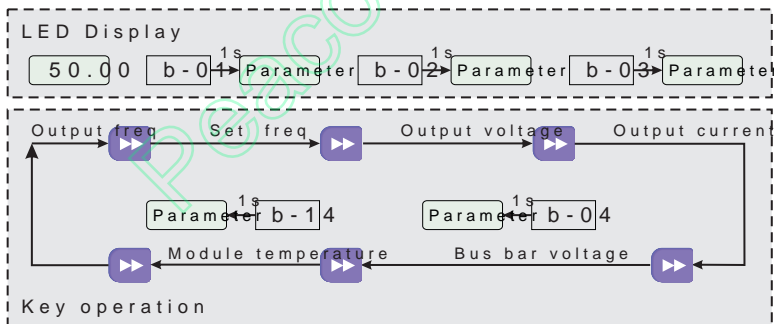


Figure 4-7 Operation to display monitoring parameter

When viewing monitoring parameter, the key to switch to default monitoring parameter display state. Default monitoring parameter in stopping state. In running state, the default monitoring frequency.

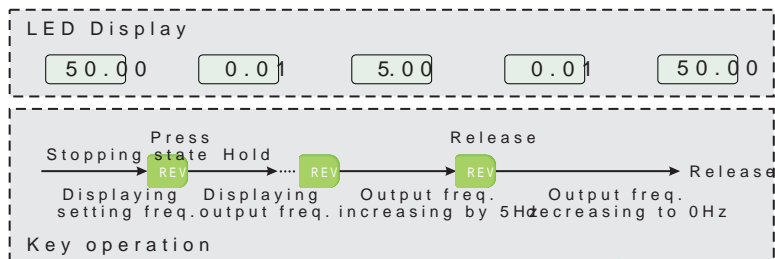


Figure 4-9 JOG running operation

4.5.4 Password authentication operation

Suppose P9.14 password parameter has been set as 2305. The bold figure represents the operation is shown as Fig. 4-10. The bold figure represents the operation is shown as Fig. 4-10.

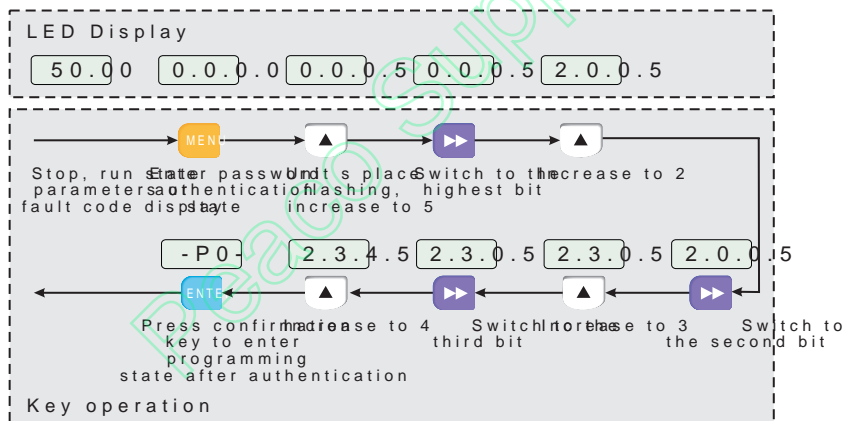


Figure 4-10 Example of password authentication operation

4.5.5 Inquiring fault related parameter

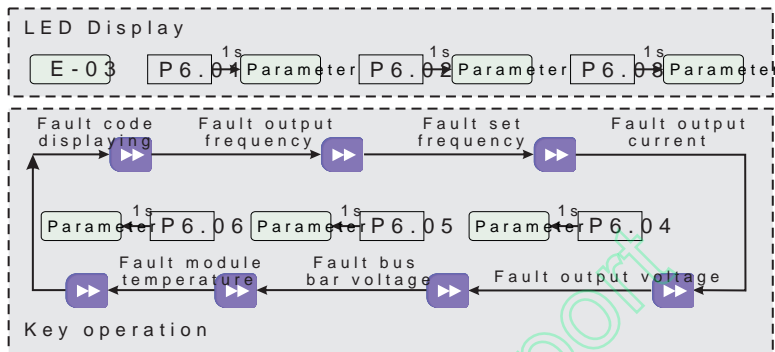














Figure 4-11 Example of inquiring fault related pa

N o t e y


- In fault code display state, press  key to inquire P6 parameter. The range is from P6.01 to  6.06. After press  displays function code, and 1 second later it displays aut  function code parameter.
- When inquiring fault pa  parameter, press  key to switch state.

4.5.6 Frequency setting operation keypad panel


Suppose it is in stopping state and $P_{0.01}=1$, the operat

- Frequency integral adjustment.
- As press  key and hold it, LED begins to increase 1 digit, and then to hundred  digit. If release  key again, LED will increase from unit's digit again.
- As press  key and hold it, LED begins to decrease 1 digit, and then to hundred  digit. If release  key again, LED will decrease from unit's digit again.

4.5.7 Frequency setting operation keypad panel

Pre  key for 5 seconds to lock control panel key. I
locked.

4.5.8 Control panel key unlock operation

Press  key for 5 seconds to unlock control panel ke

Chapter 5

Function Parameter

5.1 Symbol Description	
5.2 Function Code Table	

5.1 Symbol Description

%E means that the parameter can be modified during running.

x : means that the parameter can not be modified during running.

* : means read-only parameter which can not be modified during running.

5.2 Function Code Table

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modify
P0 Group: Basic running function parameters					
P0.0	Control mode selection	0y V/F Control 1y Senseless vector control	1	0	%E
P0.0	Freq control channel selection	0y Analog potentiometer panel(single display valid) 1y %20 %4 key on control panel display valid) Panel digital potentiometer on control panel(double valid) 2y Digital setting 1, control terminal given 3y Digital setting 2, UP terminal given 4y Digital setting 3, serial terminal given 5y VI analog given (VI-GND) 6y CI analog given(CI-GND) 7y Pulse terminal given (P3.00) 8y Combination given (P3.00)	1	0	%E
P0.0	Running frequency	P0.19lower limit freq.~ limit freq.	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	%E
P0.0	Running command mode selection	0y Control panel mode 1y Terminal control mode 2y Serial port control mode	1	0	%E
P0.0	Running direction setting	Unit s digit: 0: Forward Ten s digit: 0:REV allowed prohibited	1	10	%E
P0.0	FWD/REV dead time	0.0y~120.0s	0.1s	0.1s	%E

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P006	Max outp freq.	50.00Hz~500.00Hz	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	×
P007	Basic runn freq.	1.00Hz~500.00Hz	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	×
P008	Max outp voltage	1~480V	1V	inverted rated voltage	×
P009	Torque b	0.0%~30.0%	0.1%	2.0%	×
P010	Torque b cut-off f	0.00Hz~Basic running	0.00Hz	50.00Hz	%E
P011	Torque b mode	0: Manual 1: Auto	1	0	%E
P012	Carrier f	1.0K~14.0K	0.1K	8.0K	×
P013	Acc/Dec mode selectio	0: Linear Acc/Dec 1: Curve Acc/Dec	1	0	×
P014	Time of curve st stage	10~90s Acc/Dec P0.1~4P0.150~90	0.1%	20.0%	%E
P015	Time of curve as stage	10~90s Acc/Dec P0.1~4P0.150~90	0.1%	60.0%	%E
P016	Acc/Dec unit	0: Second 1: Minute	0	0	×
P017	Acc time	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P018	Dec time	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P019	Upper li freq.	Lower limit freq. ~Max freq. P0.06	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	×
P020	Lower li freq.	0.00Hz~Upper limit fre	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
P021	Lower li freq. Running r	0: Running at lower li 1: Stopping	1	0	×
P022	V/F curv setting	0: Constant torque curv 1: Reduced torque curv (times the power) 2: Reduced torque curv (times the power) 3: Reduced torque curv (times the power) 4: Customized V/F curv	1	0	×

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P023	V/F Freq.val	P0.25~P0.07 Basic freq.	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
P024	V/F Volt.val	P0.26~100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	×
P025	V/F Freq.val	P0.27~P0.23	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
P026	V/F Volt.val	P0.28~P0.24	0.1%	0.0%	×
P027	V/F Freq.val	0.00~P0.25	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
P028	V/F Volt.val	0~P0.26	0.1%	0.0%	×
P1 Group: Basic running function parameter					
P1.0	Analog filter constant	0.01~30.00s	0.01	0.20s	%E
P1.0	VI channel	0.01~9.99	0.01	1.00	%E
P1.0	VI min giv	0.00~P1.04	0.01Hz	0.00V	%E
P1.0	Corresponding to VI min g	0.00~Upper limit fr	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	%E
P1.0	VI max giv	P1.04~10.00V	0.01	10.00	%E
P1.0	Corresponding	0.00~Upper limit fr	0.01Hz	50.00	%E
P1.0	CI channel	0.01~9.99	0.01	1.00	%E
P1.0	CI min giv	0.00~P1.09	0.01	0.00V	%E
P1.0	Corresponding to CI min g	0.00~Upper limit fr	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	%E
P1.0	CI max giv	P1.07~10.00V	0.01	10.00	%E
P1.1	Corresponding freq.to CI max	0.00~Upper limit fr	0.01Hz	50.00	%E
P1.1	Max input pu	0.1~20.0K	0.1K	10.0K	%E
P1.1	Pulse min g	0.0~P1.14(Pulse max)	0.1K	0.0K	%E
P1.1	Corresponding freq.to pulse given	0.00~Upper limit fr	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	%E
P1.1	Pulse max g	P1.12(Pulse min g) P1.11(Max input pu)	0.1K	0.1K	%E
P1.1	Corresponding freq.to pulse max g	0.00~Upper limit fr	0.01Hz	50.00	%E

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P2 Group: Start/Brake function parameter					
P200	Start run mode	0: Start from start freq 1: Brake first, then start freq. 2: Track speed, then start	1	0	x
P201	Start frequency	0.40~20.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.50Hz	%E
P202	Start frequency running duration	0.0~30.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E
P203	DC brake current start	0~15%	1%	0%	%E
P204	DC brake time as	0.0~60.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E
P205	Stop mode	0: Dec 1: Free Stop 2: Dec+ DC brake	1	0	x
P206	Start frequency DC brake stop	0.0~15.00Hz	0.0Hz	3.00Hz	%E
P207	DC brake time as	0.0~60.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E
P208	DC brake current stop	0~15%	1%	0%	%E
P3 Group :Auxiliary running parameter					
P300	Freq. co channel combinat	0: Vly Cl 1: Vly Cl 2: External pulse given control panel key given 3: External pulse given control panel key given 4: External pulse given control panel key given 5: External pulse given control panel key given 6: RS485 given Vly con panel key given 7: RS485 given Vly con panel key given 8: RS485 given Clly con panel key given	1	0	x

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P 300	Freq. co channe combina	9: RS485 given Ę Cl Ę con pane 0% key given 10: RS485 given Ę Cl Ę Ex pulse given 11: RS485 given Ę Cl Ę Ex pulse given 12: RS485 given Ę Vl Ę Ex pulse given 13: RS485 given Ę Vl Ę Ex pulse given 14: Vl Ę Cl Ę control 0 pane key given 15: Vl Ę Cl Ę control 0 pane key given 16: MAX Ę Vl Ę Cl Ę 17: MIN Ę Vl Ę Cl Ę 18: MAX Ę Vl Ę Cl Ę PULSE Ę 19: MIN Ę Vl Ę Cl Ę PULSE Ę 20: Vl Ę Cl Ę (Availability prior) 21: Vl+ Terminal UP/D 22: Cl+ Terminal UP/D	1	0	×
P 301	Paramet initializ setting	LED unit s digit: 0: All parameters are a modified. 1: All parameters are r to be modified except parameter itself. 2: All parameters are r to be modified except parameter and this par itself LED ten s digit: 0: Inaction 1: Factory default rese 2: Clear history fault r	1	0	×
P 302	Paramet copy	0: Inaction 1: Parameter upload 2: Parameter download Note: only valid in rem mode	1	0	×

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P303	Auto ene save run	0: Inaction 1: Action	1	0	×
P304	AVR func	0: Inaction 1: Always action 2: Inaction only in Dec	1	0	×
P305	Slip fre compensa	0~150%	1%	0%	×
P306	JOG runn freq.	0.10~50.00Hz	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	%
P307	JOG Acc	0.1~60.0s	0.1s	20.0s	%
P308	JOG Dec	0.1~60.0s	0.1s	20.0s	%
P309	Communic configur	LED unit s place: baud selection 0: 1200BPS 1: 2400BPS 2: 4800BPS 3: 9600BPS 4: 19200BPS 5: 38400BPS LED ten s place: data 0: 1-7-2 Format, with 1: 1-7-1 Format, odd p 2: 1-7-1 Format, even 3: 1-8-2 Format, with 4: 1-8-1 Format, odd p 5: 1-8-1 Format, even 6: 1-8-1 Format, with LED hundred s place: communication mode 0: MODBUS ASCII Mod 1: MODBUS RTU Mode	1	005	×
P310	Local add	0~248 0: Broadcast address 248: Host address	1	1	×
P311	Communic overtim detection	0.0~1000.0s 0.0: Function invalid	0.1s	0.0s	×
P312	Local res delay	0~1000ms	1s	5ms	×
P313	Multi-run proporti	0.01~1.00	0.01	1.00	×

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P314	Acc time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P315	Dec time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P316	Acc time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P317	Dec time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P318	Acc time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P319	Dec time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P320	Acc time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P321	Dec time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P322	Acc time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P323	Dec time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P324	Acc time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P325	Dec time	0.0~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P326	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.1	0.01H	5.00H	%E
P327	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.2	0.01H	10.00	%E
P328	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.3	0.01H	20.00	%E
P329	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.4	0.01H	30.00	%E
P330	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.5	0.01H	40.00	%E
P331	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.6	0.01H	45.00	%E
P332	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.7	0.01H	50.00	%E
P333	Jump freq	0.00~500.00Hz	0.01H	0.00H	×
P334	Jump freq.1	0.00~30.00Hz	0.01H	0.00H	×
P335	Jump freq	0.00~500.00Hz	0.01H	0.00H	×
P336	Jump freq.2	0.00~30.00Hz	0.01H	0.00H	×
P337	Reserved	0000~9999	1	0000	×
P338	Zero frequ DC braking	0.0~15.0%	0.1%	0.0%	×
P339	Set running	0~65.535K hour	0.001	0.000	%E

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defaul	Mod ify
P 340	Total run	0~ 65.535K hour	0.001	0.000	%E
P 341	Inspection start wait	00.00 ~ 60.0	0.1s	2.0 s	%E
P 342	Inspection and start	00.00 ~ 150.00	0.10	100.0	%E
P 343	Running d paramete selection	00~ 15	1	00	%E
P 344	Stop disp paramete selection	00~ 15	1	00	%E
P 345	No unit di coefficient	0.00 ~ 60.0	0.1	29.0	%E
P 346	JOG/REV Switching	0: Select the JOG point of 1: Select the REV reverse	1	0	x
P4 Group: Terminal control function parameter					
P 4.0	Input term X1 functi selectio	0: Idle terminal 1: Multi-stage speed control 2: Multi-stage speed control 3: Multi-stage speed control 4: External FWD JOG control 5: External REV JOG control 6: Acc/Dec time terminal 7: Acc/Dec time terminal 8: Acc/Dec time terminal 9: 3-wire control 10 Free stop input (FRS) 11 External stop command 12 Stopping DC brake in command DB 13 Inverter running prohib 14 Freq. increase comman 15 Freq. decrease comman 16 Acc/Dec prohibited co 17 External reset input (R 18 Peripheral equipment (normally open) 19 Freq. control channel 20 Freq. control channel 21 Freq. control channel 22 Command switched to 23 Running command cor selection 1	1	0	x

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.0	Input term X1 functi selectio	24 Running command co selection 2 25 Swing frequency sel 26 Swing frequency run 27 Close loop invalid 28 Simple PLC pause ru command 29 PLC invalid 30 PLC Reset in stoppi 31 Freq. switch to Cl 32 Counter trig signal i 33 Counter clear input 34 External interrupt in 35 Pulse freq. input (or X6) 36 Fire mode	0.1	20.0	%Ě
P4.0	Input term X2 functi selectio	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.0	Input term X3 functi selectio	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.0	Input term X4 functi selectio	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.0	Input term X5 functi selectio	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.0	Input term X6 functi selectio	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.0	Input term X7 functi selectio	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.0	Input term X8 functi selectio	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.0	FWD/REV running mode sele	0: 2-wire control mode 1 1: 2-wire control mode 2 2: 3-wire control mode 1 3: 3-wire control mode 2	1	0	×
P4.0	UP/DN Ra	0.01-99.99Hz/s	0.01	1.00 Hz/s	%Ě

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.1	2-way op collector terminal output selection	0: Inverter in running(R) 1: Freq. arrival signal(F) 2: Freq. level detected 3: Reserved 4: Overload pre-alarm s 5: Under voltage locking 6: External fault stoppin 7: Output freq. upper lin 8: Output freq. lower lin 9: Inverter in zero spee 10 Simple PLC stage ru 11 A PLC running cycle 12 Set counts arrival 13 Specified counts arr 14 Inverter ready for ru 15 Inverter fault 16 Start freq. running t 17 DC brake time when 18 DC brake time when 19 Swing freq. upper/lo 20 Set running time arr 21 Upper limit of press signal 22 Lower pressure alar	1	0	×
P4.1	2-way op collector terminal output selection	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.1	Relay TA/TB/T output selection	Ditto	1	15	×
P4.1	Relay RA/RB/R output selection	Ditto	1	0	×
P4.1	Freq. arrival detection	0.00 ~ 400.00Hz	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	×
P4.1	FDT1(free level)	0.00 ~ Upper limit freq	0.01Hz	10.00	×

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P4.1	FDT1 Ia	0.00 50.00Hz	0.01Hz	1.00Hz	%E
P4.1	Analog output (Ao1) selection	unit's place: 0: Output frequency (0 upper limit) 1: Output current (0-2 times motor rated current) 2: Output voltage (0-1.2 times inverter rated voltage) 3: Bus bar voltage 4: PID given 5: PID feedback 6: V _{fy} 0-10V 7: C _{fy} 0-10V/4-20mA) ten's place: 0: 0-10V 1: 0-20mA 2: 4-20mA	01	00	%E
P4.1	Analog output (AO1) gain	Analog output (AO1) gain	0.01	1.00	%E
P4.1	Analog output (AO2) selection	unit's place: 0: Output frequency (0 upper limit) 1: Output current (0-2 times motor rated current) 2: Output voltage (0-1.2 times inverter rated voltage) 3: Bus bar voltage 4: PID given 5: PID feedback 6: V _{fy} 0-10V 7: C _{fy} 0-10V/4-20mA) ten's place: 0: 0-10V 1: 0-20mA 2: 4-20mA	01	00	%E
P4.2	Analog output (AO2) gain	0.50 2.00	0.01	1.00	%E
P4.2	DO output terminal	unit's place: 0: Output frequency (0 upper limit) 1: Output current (0-2 times motor rated current) 2: Output voltage (0-1.2 times inverter rated voltage)	1	0	%E

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.2	DO output test	3: Bus bar voltage 4: PID given 5: PID feedback 6: Vly 0 10 Vy 7: C ly 0 10 V/4 20 mA	1	0	%E
P4.2	DO max pull output frequency	0.1K 20.0K Hz max 20K	0.1KHz	10.0K	%E
P4.2	Set counts given	F4.2 0 9999	1	0	%E
P4.2	Specified counts given	0 F4.19	1	0	%E
P4.2	Overload pre detection level	200y 200y	1	130y	%E
P4.2	Overload pre delay time	0.0 20.0s	0.1s	5.0s	%E
P5 Group: Protection function parameter					
P5.0	Motor overload protection n selection	0y Stop outputting 1y Inaction	1	0	x
P5.0	Motor overload protection coefficient	20 120y	1	100y	x
P5.0	Overvoltage Selection	0y Prohibited 1y Allowed	1	1	x
P5.0	Overvoltage point	380 Vy 120y 150y 220 Vy 110y 130y	1y	140y 120y	%E
P5.0	Auto current level	110y 200y	1y	150y	x
P5.0	Freq. drop during current	0.00 99.99Hz/s	0.01Hz/s	10.00/s	%E
P5.0	Auto current mode selection	0y Constant speed in 1y Constant speed via Note: Acc/Dec valid	1	1	x
P5.0	Restart setting power failure	0y Inaction 1y Action	1	0	x
P5.0	Restart waiting after power	0.0 10.0s	0.1s	0.5s	x
P5.0	Fault self-recovery times	0 10 0y Self-recovery in Note: Self-recovery in overload or overheat	1	0	x

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defa	Modi
P5.1	Self-recovery time	0.5 ~ 20.0s	0.1s	5.0s	x
P5.1	Input missing protection	0: Inaction 1: Action	1	0	%E
P6 Group: Fault record function parameters					
P6.0	Previous failure	Previous failure record	1	0	*
P6.0	Output frequency previous fault	Output frequency at the fault	0.01Hz	0	*
P6.0	Set frequency at the fault	Set frequency at the fault	0.01Hz	0	*
P6.0	Output current at the fault	Output current at the fault	0.1A	0	*
P6.0	Output voltage at the fault	Output voltage at the fault	1V	0	*
P6.0	DC bus voltage at previous fault	DC bus voltage at the fault	1V	0	*
P6.0	Module temperature previous fault	Module temperature at the fault	10°C	0	*
P6.0	Previous secondary record	Previous secondary fault	1	0	*
P6.0	Previous third fault	Previous third fault	1	0	*
P6.0	Previous fourth fault	Previous fourth fault	1	0	*
P6.1	Previous fifth fault	Previous fifth fault	1	0	*
P6.1	Previous sixth fault	Previous sixth fault	1	0	*
P7 Group: Close loop running control function					
P7.0	Close loop running control selection	0: Invalid 1: Valid	1	0	x
P7.0	Close loop given selection	0: P7.05 Digital given 1: VI analog 0~10V given 2: CI analog 0~10V given 3: Panel analog potentiometer given 4: RS485 communication 5: Pulse input given 6: Simulation 20mA Current setting	1	0	x
P7.0	Feedback characteristic selection	0: VI analog 0~10V input voltage 1: CI analog 0~10V input current 2: VI+CI 3: VI-CI	1	0	x

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P7.0	Feedback channel selection	4: Min[Vi] C[ly] 5: Max[Vi] C[ly] 6: C[ly] analog type	1	0	×
P7.0	Given channel filtering time constant	0.01 ~ 50.00s	0.01	0.50s	%E
P7.0	Feedback channel filtering time constant	0.01 ~ 50.00s	0.01	0.50s	%E
P7.0	Given value setting	0.00 ~ 20.000Mpa	0.00 Mpa	0.000 pa	×
P7.0	Close loop adjustment characteristics	0: Positive effect 1: Negative effect	1	0	%E
P7.0	Feedback channel gain	0.01 ~ 10.00	0.01	1.00	%E
P7.0	Lower pressure	0.00 ~ P7.09	0.00	0.00	%E
P7.0	Upper pressure	P7.08 ~ P7.27	0.00	1.000	%E
P7.1	PID Control structure	0: Proportional control 1: Integral control 2: Proportional integral 3: Proportional, integral, differential control	1	1	×
P7.1	Proportional gain KP	0.00 ~ 5.00	0.01	0.50	%E
P7.1	Integral time constant	0.1 ~ 100.0s	0.1	10.0s	%E
P7.1	Differential gain	0.0 ~ 5.0	0.1	0.0	×
P7.1	Sampling period	0.01 ~ 1.00s	0.01	0.10	%E
P7.1	Tolerance limit	0.0 ~ 20.0%	0.1%	0.0%	%E
P7.1	PID Feedback disconnect detection threshold	0 ~ Upper limit freq	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	%E
P7.1	PID Feedback disconnected selection	0 ~ 3	1	0	%E
P7.1	PID Feedback disconnect operation delay	0.01 ~ 5.00s	0.01	1.00s	%E

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P7.1	Pressure le	0.00M P7.20	0.00 Mpa	0.001 pa	%E
P7.2	Hibernatic pressure le	P7.19 P7.27	01	00	%E
P7.2	Hibernation continuous	0.1^ 250s	1s	10s	%E
P7.2	Hibernatic frequency	0.00 400.0Hz	0.01Hz	20.00	%E
P7.2	Hibernatic frequency continuous	0.1^ 250s	1s	10s	%E
P7.2	Low alarm pressure	0.00M P7.25	0.00 Mpa	0.001 pa	%E
P7.2	The alarm pressure	P7.24 P7.27	0.00 Mpa	0.001 pa	%E
P7.2	Constant pressure water supply mode	0: Non-constant pressure supply mode 1: One pump constant water supply mode 2: Two pumps constant water supply mode 3: Three pumps constant pressure water supply 4: Four pumps constant pressure water supply	1	0	x
P7.2	Remote pressure gauge range	0.00M 20.000Mpa	0.00 Mpa	1.000 pa	%E
P7.2	Multi pump operation mode	0: Fixed sequence switching 1: Timing of the rotation	1	0	%E
P7.2	Rotation interval	0.1^ 100.0H	0.1H	5.0H	%E
P7.3	Pump switch judgment time	0.1^ 1000.0s	0.1s	300.0	%E
P7.3	Electromagnetic switching delay time	0.1^ 10.0s	0.1s	0.5s	x
P7.3	PID Control positive and negative rotation feedback pressure error polarity	Unit's digit: 0: PID forward action 1: PID reverse action Ten's digit: 0: The feedback pressure greater than the actual	1	00	x

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.3	PID Control positive and negative ratio feedback pressure error polarity	1: feedback pressure actual pressure. Hundreds digit: 0: wake up sleep pressure actual pressure; 1: wake up sleep pressure pressure. Thousands digit: 0: Press to view the parameters, and the monitoring parameter viewed in order; 1: Press to view the parameters. The monitoring parameters of group the three parameters pressure, output current output frequency.	1	100	x
P7.3	Feedback pressure adjustment coefficient	0.00M 20.000Mpa	0.00Mpa	0.000pa	x
P7.3	Closed loop preset frequency	Range 0 Upper limit	0.00H	0.00H	x
P7.3	Closed loop preset frequency holding time	Range 0.0 200.0s	0.1s	0.0s	x
P8 Group PLC running parameter					
P8.0	PLC running mode selection	0000 1113 LED unit's place: mode 0: Inaction 1: Stop after single cycle 2: Running at final frequency single cycle 3: Continuous cycle LED ten's place: restart selection 0: Restart from the first break stage 1: Restart from the frequency break stage 2: Restart from the running break stage LED hundred's place: save mode selection	1	0000	x

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P8.0	PLC running selection	0: No save 1: Save LED thousand s place running time unit 0: Second 1: minute	1	0000	×
P8.0	Stage 1 sett	0000 621 LED unit s place: f 0: Multi-stage frequency 1: Freq. defined by function code LED ten s place: di selection 0: Forward 1: Reverse 2: Controlled by run command LED hundred s place Acc/Dec time select 0: Acc/Dec time 1 1: Acc/Dec time 2 2: Acc/Dec time 3 3: Acc/Dec time 4 4: Acc/Dec time 5 5: Acc/Dec time 6 6: Acc/Dec time 7	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 1 runni	0.0 6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 2 sett	0000 621	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 2 runni	0.0 6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 3 sett	0000 621	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 3 runni	0.0 6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 4 sett	0000 621	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 4 runni	0.0 6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 5 sett	0000 621	1	000	%E
P8.1	Stage 5 runni	0.0 6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.1	Stage 6 sett	0000 621	1	000	%E
P8.1	Stage 6 runni	0.0 6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Def	Modi
P8.1	Stage 7 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.1	Stage 7 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P9 Group Swing frequency function paramete					
P9.0	Swing freq. s	0: Inaction 1: Action	1	0	×
P9.0	Swing freq. r mode	0000 11 LED unit's place: sta 0: Auto start 1: Manual start by te LED ten's place: swi amplitude control 0: Variable swing am 1: Fixed swing amplit	1	00	×
P9.0	Preset swing	0.00~500.00Hz	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz	%E
P9.0	Preset swing waiting tim	0.0~3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E
P9.0	Swing ampli	0.0~50.0%	0.1%	0.0%	%E
P9.0	Kick freq.	0.0~50.0%	0.1%	0.0%	%E
P9.0	Swing freq.	0.1~999.9s	0.1s	10.0	%E
P9.0	delta wave a time	0.0~98.0%	0.1%	50.0%	%E
P9.0	Terminal UP/ and Fan con selection	unit's digit: 0: fan running when is running 1: The fan is running power is on 2: The fan does not frequency ten's digit: 0: Keep the frequenc parameter setting af working or the power 1: Release the frequ parameter settings a working or the power hundred's digit: 0: The terminal run c valid when the power 1: The terminal run c invalid when power i	1	0	%E

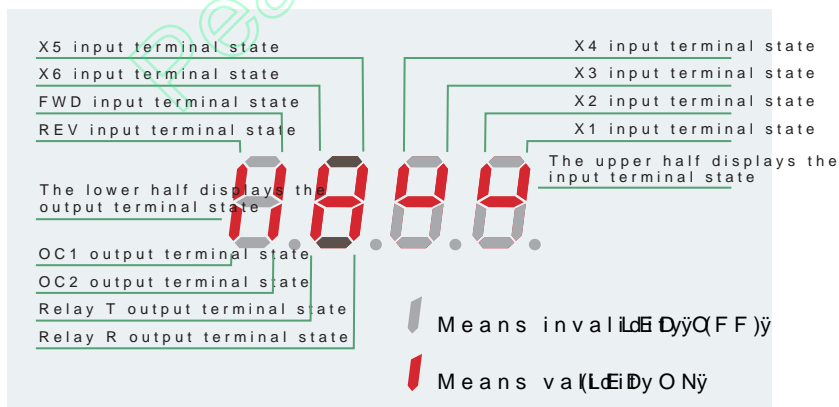
Func Code	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P9.0	Muti-function filtering time	Range 0~4	1	1	%E
P9.1	Braking unit u	0~100.0%	0.1%	30.0%	%E
P9.1	Overpressure threshold value	0~780V	1V	780V	%E
P9.1	Energy consumption braking bus voltage	0~780V	1V	640V Or 358	%E
P9.1	G/P type setting single-phase type selection	Unit's digit: 0: G type 1: P Ten's digit: reset Hundred's digit: Thousand's digit: phase motor type 0: ordinary three asynchronous motor(220V) 1: single-phase asynchronous motor (removing capacitor) 2: Single-phase asynchronous motor (without removing capacitor)	0000	0000	%E
P9.1	User password	0~9999	1	0	%E
PA Group: Vector control parameter					
PA.0	Motor parameter tuning function	0: Inaction 1: Static auto tuning	1	0	x
PA.0	Motor rated voltage	0~400V	1	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor rated current	0.01~500.00A	0.01A	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor rated frequency	0~500Hz	1Hz	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor rated speed	0~9999 r/min	1r/min	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor poles number	2~16	1	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor stator inductance	0.1~5000.0mH	0.1m	depends model t	x

Func Code	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
PA.0	Motor rotor inductance	0.1~ 5000.0mH	0.1m	depends model t	×
PA.0	Motor stator and mutual inductance	0.1~ 5000.0mH	0.1m	depends model t	×
PA.0	Motor stator resistance	0.001~ 50000	0.001	depends model t	×
PA.1	Motor rotor resistance	0.001~ 50000	0.001	depends model t	×
PA.1	Over current protection coefficient of torque current	0~ 15	1	15	×
PA.1	Proportion adjustment coefficient of deviation	50~ 120	1	85	×
PA.1	Integral adjustment coefficient F deviation	100~ 500	1	360	×
PA.1	Vector torque	100~ 150	1	100	×
PA.1	Reserved	0	0	0	×
PA.1	Reserved	1~ 5	1	4	×
PA.1	Reserved	100~ 150	1	150	×
PA.1	Reserved	150	1	150	×
PA.1	Reserved	0~ 2	1	0	×
PF Group: Factory function parameter					
PF.0 ~ PF.1	Reserved	---	---	---	---
B-Monitoring: function parameter					
b-00	Output frequency	Present output frequency	0.01Hz	----	*
b-01	Set frequency	Present set frequency	0.01Hz	----	*
b-02	Output voltage	Effective value present output voltage	1V	----	*
b-03	Output current	Effective value present output current	0.1A	----	*
b-04	Bus bar voltage	Present DC bus voltage	1V	----	*

Func Code	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
b-05	Module temperature	IGBT heat sink temperature	10°C	----	*
b-06	Motor speed	Present motor speed	1r/m	----	*
b-07	Running time	One continuous run	1H	----	*
b-08	Input/output terminal state	Input/output terminal state	----	----	*
b-09	Analog input	Analog input VI value	0.01	----	*
b-10	Analog input	Analog input CI value	0.01	----	*
b-11	External pulse	External pulse width value	1ms	----	*
b-12	Inverter rated current	Inverter rated current	0.1A	----	*
b-13	Inverter rated voltage	Inverter rated voltage	1V	----	*
b-14	Set pressure	Water supply control set pressure of the	0.00 Mpa	----	*
b-15	Feedback pressure	Water supply control pipeline pressure	0.00 Mpa	----	*
b-16	No unit display	No unit display	1	----	*

Note

Monitoring parameter input/output terminal state display



Chapter 6

Function Code Description

(P0 Group)	Basic running function parameter.....
(P1 Group)	Frequency Setting Function Parameter.....
(P2 Group)	Start/Brake Function Parameter.....
(P3 Group)	Auxiliary Running Parameter.....
(P4 Group)	Terminal Control Function Parameter.....
(P5 Group)	Protection Function Parameter.....
(P6 Group)	Fault Record Function Parameter.....
(P7 Group)	Close Loop Running Control Function Para.....
(P8 Group)	PLC Running Parameter.....
(P9 Group)	Swing Frequency Function Parameter.....
(PA Group)	Vector Control Parameter.....
(PF Group)	Factory Function Paramete.....

6.1 Basic running function parameter (P0 Group)

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P0.0	Control method selection	0: V/F Control 1: Senseless vector control	1	0	%E

0: V/F Control

1: Sensorless vector control

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P0.0	Control method selection	0~8	1	0	%E

0: Analog potentiometer given on control panel;

1: Control panel given to set running frequency;

2: Control panel frequency digital setting. Use control panel (initial set freq.) to change set freq;

3: Terminal UP/DOWN digital setting. Use terminal UP/DOWN (initial set freq.) to change set freq;

4: Serial port digital setting. (Remote control mode) Set P0.02 serial port;

5: VI analog given (VI-GND). Set freq. controlled by VI terminal voltage range is DC 0~10V. The corresponding relationship between voltage defined by function code P1.00~P1.05;

6: CI analog given (CI-GND). Set freq. controlled by CI terminal. The input voltage range is DC 0~10V (JP3 jumper V), and the CI (JP3 jumper A). The corresponding relationship between set frequency defined by function code P1.06~P1.10

7: Pulse terminal given. Set freq. controlled by terminal pulse input through X4 terminal. The corresponding relationship between set frequency defined by function code P1.11~P1.15.

8: Combination given (refer to function parameter P3.00).

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P0.0	Running frequency	P0.19 lower limit freq. limit freq.	0.01Hz	50.00Hz	%E

When Freq control channel selection setting (P0.01=1, 2, 3, 4), initial digital set frequency.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P0.0	Running com mode select	0~2	1	0	%E

0: Use control panel key RUN, STOP/RESET, JOG to operate the

1: Terminal control mode. Use control terminal FWD, REV, X1~X4

2: Serial port control mode. Operate the inverter via serial port control mode.

Note:

Running command mode can be switched by changing P0.03 parameter state. Please use this function in caution.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P0.0	Running dir setting	00~11	1	0	%E

Running direction setting	
LED unit s	0: Running forward 1: Running reverse
LED ten s	0: Reverse allowed 1: Reverse prohibited

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P0.0	FWD/REV dead time	0.0~120.0s	0.1s	0.1s	%E

In switching process between forward and reverse running, the defined as FWD/REV dead time. The inverter outputs 0 freq. du

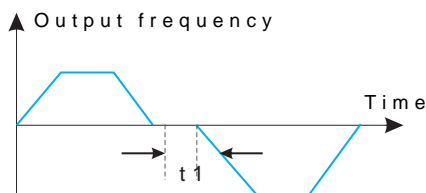


Fig.6-1 FWD/REV dead time

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P006	Max out freq.	50.00Hz~500.00Hz	0.01Hz	50.00%	×
P007	Basic run freq	1.00Hz~500.00Hz	0.01Hz	50.00%	×
P008	Max out voltage	1~480V	1V	inverted rated voltage	×

Max. output freq. is inverter highest output frequency allowed.

Basic running freq. is the lowest output frequency corresponding to motor rated frequency of inverter. Generally, it is motor rated frequency shown as Fig.6-1.

Max. output voltage is the output voltage corresponding to inverter rated frequency. Generally, it is motor rated voltage shown as Fig.6-1.

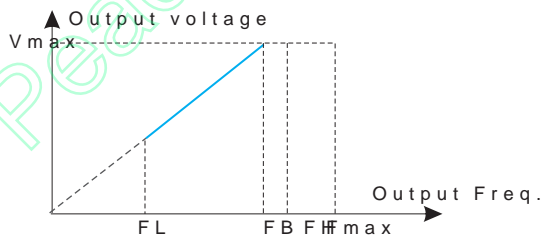


Fig.6-2 Fmax/FB/Vmax/0V

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P009	Torque boost	0.0%~30.0%	0.1%	2.0%	×

In order to compensate the low frequency torque, boost the output torque in the low frequency zone shown as Fig.6-3.

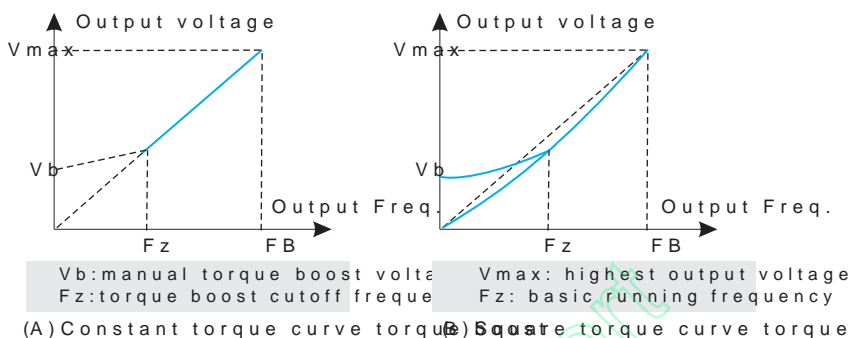


Fig.6-3 Torque boost

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P010	Torque boost cut-off f	0.00Hz~Basic running	0.00	50.00	% \bar{E}

This function defines the cutoff freq. in manual torque boost mode. The parameter is adaptable to any V/F mode defined by P0.22.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P011	Torque boost mode	0~1	1	0	% \bar{E}

0: Manual boost. In manual boost mode, torque boost voltage is fixed, which is easy to reach magnetic saturation.

1: Auto. boost. In this mode, torque boost voltage changes according to the changing stator current. The higher the stator current, the bigger the boost voltage.

$$\text{Boost voltage} = \frac{0.09}{100} \times \text{Motor rated voltage} \times \frac{\text{Inverter output current}}{2 \times \text{Inverter rated current}}$$

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P012	Carrier f	1.0K~14.0K	0.1K	8.0K	×

The carrier freq. mainly affects the noise of motor and heat loss. Increasing the carrier freq. and motor noise, leakage current, and interference.

Carrier Freq	Decrease	Increase
Noise	↑	↓
Leakage Current	↓	↑
Interference	↓	↑

Note:

- ✦ In order to get better control characteristic, the ratio of carrier running frequency is suggested beyond 36.
- ✦ Difference may occur in current value display, when carrier fr

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P013	Acc/Dec. m selection	0~1	1	0	x

0: Linear Acc/Dec. Output frequency increases or decreases as Fig.6-4.

1: S curve Acc/Dec. Output frequency increases or decreases as

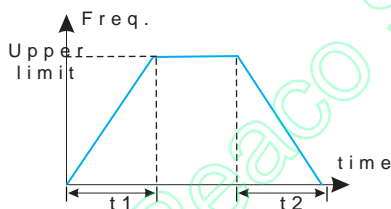


Fig.6-4 Linear Acc/Dec

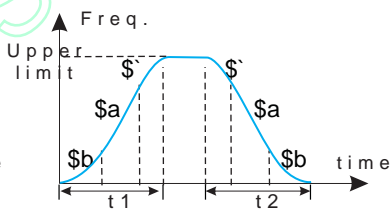


Fig.6-5 S curve Acc/Dec

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P014	Time of S start sta	10~50.0 Acc/Dec t P0.14P0.150~90	0.1%	20.0%	%E
P015	Time of S ascent sta	10~80.0 Acc/Dec t P0.14P0.150~90	0.1%	60.0%	%E

P0.14, P0.15 is effective only in s curve Acc/Dec mode(P0.13=1)

S curve start stage time shown as Fig.6-5(3). The curve slope is

S curve ascent stage time shown as Fig.6-5(2). The curve slope

S curve end stage time shown as Fig.6-5(1). The curve slope is

Note:

- ★ S curve Acc/Dec mode is suitable for the starting and stopping such as elevator and belt conveyor, etc.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P016	Acc/Dec time	0~1	0	0	×

0: Second

1: Minute

Note:

- ★ This function is effective for all Acc/Dec process except for J
- ★ Please try to select second as time unit.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P017	Acc time	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%Ė
P018	Dec time	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%Ė

Acc time is the time of inverter output frequency increasing as in Fig.6-6 t1.

Dec time is the time of inverter output frequency decreasing as Fig.6-6 t2.

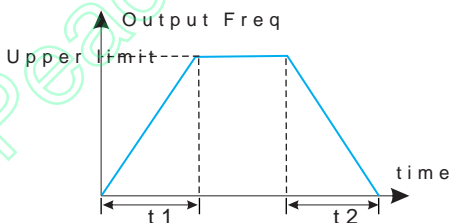


Fig.6-6 Acc/Dec time

- ★ Note:
- ★ The inverter has 7 Acc/Dec time. Herein just 1 Acc/Dec is defined by P3.14~P3.25 function parameter.
- ★ It can select time unit by P0.09 for all 1~7 Acc/Dec time. The second.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P019	Upper limit	Lower limit freq. \bar{y}^M freq. P0.06	0.01H	50.00	×
P020	Lower limit	0.00Hz \bar{y}^M Upper limit	0.01H	0.00H	×
P021	Lower limit Running m	0 \bar{y}^1	1	0	×

P0.19,P0.20 parameter defines the upper and lower limit of output limit frequency and lower limit frequency respectively shown as

When actual setting frequency is lower than lower limit freq., the decrease in Dec time which has been set. As it reaches the lower limit, the inverter will run at lower limit frequency. If P0.21=1, the inverter output frequency to 0.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P022	V/F curve s	0 \bar{y}^4	1	0	×
P023	V/F Freq.va	P0.25 \bar{y}^M P0.07 Basic freq.	0.01H	0.00H	×
P024	V/F Volt.va	P0.26 \bar{y}^M 100.0 \bar{y}^M	0.1%	0.0%	×
P025	V/F Freq.va	P0.27 \bar{y}^M P0.23	0.01H	0.00H	×
P026	V/F Volt.va	P0.28 \bar{y}^M P0.24	0.1%	0.0%	×
P027	V/F Freq.va	0.00 \bar{y}^M P0.25	0.01H	0.00H	×
P028	V/F Volt.va	0 \bar{y}^M P0.26	0.1%	0.0%	×

These function parameter defines flexible V/F setting mode of inverter curves and 1 customized curve through P0.22 parameter so as to meet different requirements.

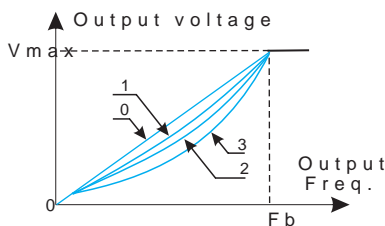
P0.22=0, Constant torque V//F curve shown as Fig.6-7 curve 0

P0.22=1, 1.2 times the power reduced torque V/F curve shown as Fig.6-7 curve 1

P0.22=2, 1.7 times the power reduced torque V/F curve shown as Fig.6-7 curve 2

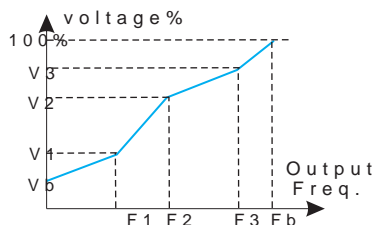
P0.22=3, 2.0 times the power reduced torque V/F curve shown as Fig.6-7 curve 3

When inverter drives reduced torque load such as fans, and pump, the inverter will run in curve running mode according to load characteristic for energy saving.



V_{max} max output voltage
 F_b basic running Freq.

Fig 6-7 V/ Curve



$V_1 \sim V_3$: Multi-segment V / F 1st t
 segment voltage perce
 $F_1 \sim F_3$: Multi-segment V / F 1st t
 frequency points

Fig 6-8 customized V/F curve

P0.22=4, Customized V/F curve shown as Fig. 6-8.

User can define V/F curve through revising (V_1, F_1) , (V_2, F_2) , (V_3, F_3) requirements. Torque boost is available for customized curve.

$$V_b = \text{Torque boost} \times V_1$$

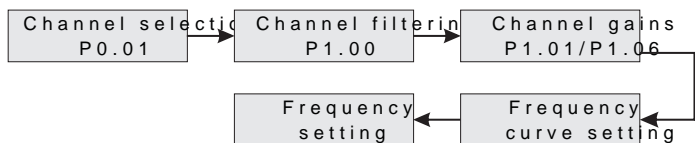
6.2 Frequency Setting Function Parameter (P1 Group)

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P1.0	Analog filter time constant	0.01~30.00s	0.01s	0.20s	%E

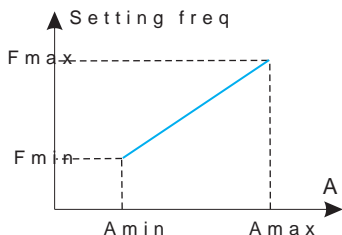
When adopts frequency external analog channel setting, inverter filtering sampling value time. When long disturbance cause setting frequency unstable, increase the filtering time to avoid the disoperation. The longer filtering time, anti-interference ability stronger. But the response will be slower. The shorter the filtering time, quicker response, but weaker anti-interference ability.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P1.0	VI channel	0.01~9.99	0.01	1.00	%E
P1.0	VI min given	0.00~P1.04	0.01H	0.00V	%E
P1.0	Corresponding to VI min given	0.00~Upper limit frequency	0.01H	0.00H	%E
P1.0	VI max given	P1.04~10.00V	0.01	10.00	%E
P1.0	Corresponding to VI max given	0.00~Upper limit frequency	0.01H	50.00	%E
P1.0	CI channel	0.01~9.99	0.01	1.00	%E
P1.0	CI min given	0.00~P1.09	0.01	0.00V	%E
P1.0	Corresponding to CI min given	0.00~Upper limit frequency	0.01H	0.00H	%E
P1.0	CI max given	P1.07~10.00V	0.01	10.00	%E
P1.1	Corresponding to CI max given	0.00~Upper limit frequency	0.01H	50.00	%E
P1.1	Max input pulse	0.1~20.0K	0.1K	10.0K	%E
P1.1	Pulse min given	0.0~P1.14(Pulse max given)	0.1K	0.0K	%E
P1.1	Corresponding to pulse min given	0.00~Upper limit frequency	0.01H	0.00H	%E
P1.1	Pulse max given	P1.12(Pulse min given)~P1.11(Max input pulse)	0.1K	0.1K	%E
P1.1	Corresponding to pulse max given	0.00~Upper limit frequency	0.01H	50.00	%E

When selects VI, CI or pulse frequency input as open loop frequency relationship between frequency given and setting frequency as follow.

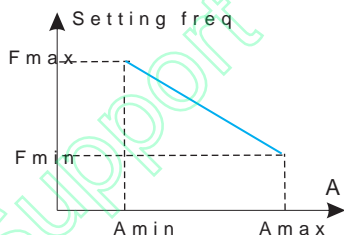


The relationship between VI and setting frequency is as follow.



When VI given
Amin: Min
Amax: Max

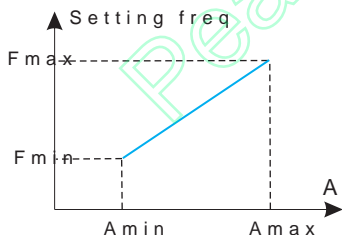
(1) Positive effect



When VI given
Pmin corresponding Freq to Min
Pmax corresponding Freq to Max

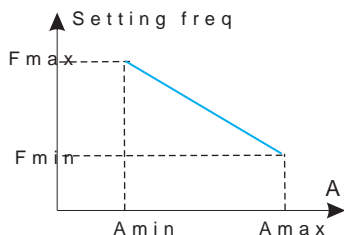
(2) Negative effect

The relationship between CI and setting frequency as follow.



When CI given
Amin: Min
Amax: Max

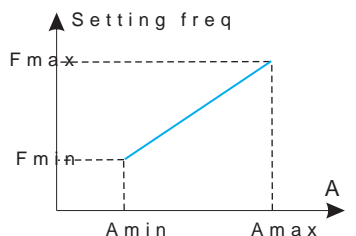
(1) Positive effect



When CI given
Pmin corresponding Freq to Min
Pmax corresponding Freq to Max

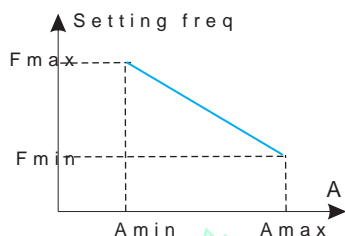
(2) Negative effect

The relationship between input PULSE frequency and setting frequency



Ay PLUSE given Amin: Min
Amax: Max

(1) Positive effect



Pmin corresponding Freq to Min g
Pmax corresponding Freq to Max

(2) Negative effect

6.3 Start/Brake Function Parameter (P2 Group)

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P2.0	Start running	0~2	1	0	x

0y The inverter starts from start freq.(P2.01) and keeps running defined as start freq. running duration (P2.02);

1y The inverter brakes first by DC brake current (P2.03) and br starts from start frequency;

2y The inverter restarts again after speed tracking, which is available after a momentary power failure and restart after fault reset.

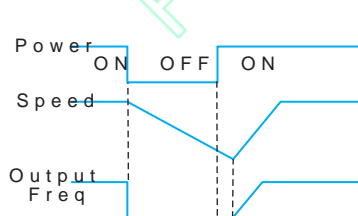


Fig.6-9 Speed tracking

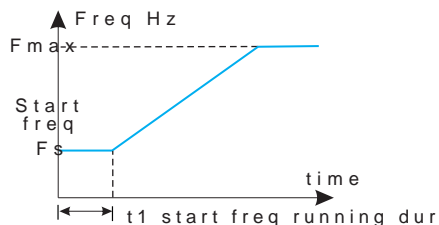


Fig.6-10 Start freq. and running

Note:

- ★ Start running mode 0: It is suggested to use mode 0 in general drive synchronous motor.
- ★ Start running mode 1: It is suitable to small inertia loads when there is no motor driven. But not suitable to big inertia loads.
- ★ Start running mode 2: It is suitable to restart after momentary during motor free stopping.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P201	Start freq.	0.40~20.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.50Hz	%E
P202	Start freq. running	0.0~30.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E

Start freq. is the initial frequency when inverter starts freq. running duration is the duration time for inverter frequency shown as Fig.6-10

Note:

- ★ Start frequency is not restricted by lower limit freq.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P203	DC brake current	0~15%	1%	0%	%E
P204	DC brake time	0.0~60.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E

DC brake current is a percentage relative to the inverter DC brake as DC brake time is 0.0s.

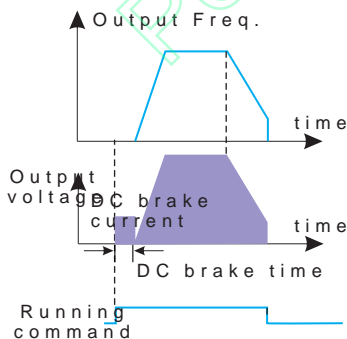


Fig.6-11 start mode 1

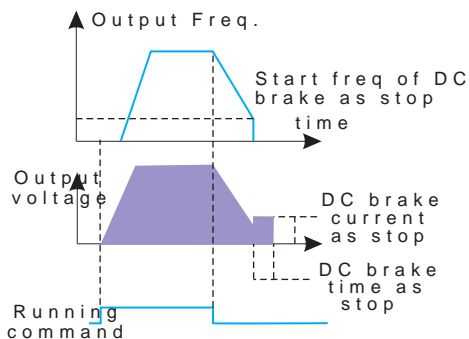


Fig.6-12 DC stop and DC brake

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P2.0	Stop mode	0~2	1	0	x

0: After receiving stop command, the inverter decreases the output time.

1: After receiving stop command, the inverter stops output immediately by mechanical inertia. This is called as coast stop.

2: After receiving stop command, the inverter decreases the output when it reaches the start frequency of DC brake, the inverter be

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P206	Start freq. brake as s	0.0~15.00Hz	0.0H	3.00H	%E
P207	DC brake time stop	0.0~60.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E
P208	DC brake current as stop	0~15%	1%	0%	%E

DC brake current as stop is a percentage relative to the inverter brake when DC brake time is 0.0s.

6.4 Auxiliary Running Parameter ((P3 Group)

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.0	Freq. control channel combination	0~20	1	0	x

As P0.01(frequency control channel selection)=8, It can set frequency combination through the above parameter (P3.00).

0~ Vly CI;

1~ Vly CI;

2~ external pulse given +V1+ control panel%20%%key given;

3~ external pulse given +V1+ control panel%20%%key given;

4~ external pulse given~ CI;

5~ external pulse given~ CI;

6~ RS485 given~ VI + control panel%20%%key given ;

7~ RS485 given~ Vly control panel%20%%key given;

8~ RS485given~ CI+ control panel%20%%key given;

9~ RS485given~ CI-control panel%20%%key given;

10~ RS485given~ Cl~ external pulse given;

11~ RS485given~ Cl~ external pulse given;

12~ RS485 given~ Vly external pulse given;

13~ RS485 given~ Vly external pulse given;

14~ Vly Cl~ control panel%20%%key given~ digital given P0.02;

15~ Vly Cl~ control panel%20%%key given~ digital given P0.02;

16~ MAX~ Vly Cl~ ;

17~ MIN~ Vly Cl~ ;

18~ MAX~ Vly Cl~ PLUSE~ ;

19~ MIN~ Vly Cl~ PLUSE~ ;

20~ Vly CI availability except~ VI prior;

21: VI+Terminal UP/ DOWN;

22: CI+Terminal UP/ DOWN.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.0	Parameter initialization setting	LED unit s digit LED ten s digit 0	1	0	x

0: After receiving stop command, the inverter decreases the output time.

1: After receiving stop command, the inverter stops output immediately by mechanical inertia. This is called as coast stop.

2: After receiving stop command, the inverter decreases the output when it reaches the start frequency of DC brake, the inverter

Parameter initialization setting	
LED unit digit	0: All parameters are allowed to be revised 1: All parameters are not allowed to be revised 2: All parameters are not allowed to be revised and this parameter itself.
LED ten digit	0: Inaction 1: Factory default reset 2: Clear history fault record

Note:

- ✦ The factory default setting of this function code parameter is 0, all parameters are allowed to be revised.
- ✦ After factory default reset, each place of this function code

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.0	Parameter d	0~2	1	0	x

0: Inaction

1: Parameter upload: upload function code parameter to remote control.

2: Parameters download: download function code parameter from remote control.

Note:

- ✦ This feature is only available for the remote control. Parameter returns to 0 after executing upload or download.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.0	Auto energy save running	0~1	1	0	x

0: Inaction

1: Action

When motor is running with light load or no-load, the inverter will automatically adjust output voltage appropriately so as to save energy. This function is only available in application with stable load and running speed.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.0	AVR function	0~20	1	0	x

0~ inaction

1~ always action

2~ inaction only in deceleration

This is auto voltage regulation function. When inverter input voltage fluctuates, it will output a higher running current to keep inverter output voltage stable.

When inverter is decelerating to stop, if AVR function is invalid, the output voltage will drop shorter. But it will output a higher running current. If AVR is effective, the output voltage will be higher, and the running current will be lower, so that the inverter can run stably with lower running current, but the Dec. Time becomes longer.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.0	Slip freq. compensation	0~150%	1%	0%	x

This function can regulate the output frequency appropriately and dynamically compensate the slip frequency of asynchronous motor at a stable value. If use this function in conjunction with auto deceleration, it can achieve better low speed torque characteristic, which is shown in Fig.6-13.

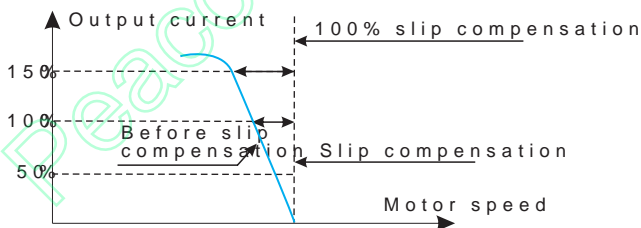


Fig.6-13 slip freq. compensation

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P306	JOG running	0.10~50.00Hz	0.01Hz	5.00Hz	%E
P307	JOG Acc ti	0.1~60.0s	0.1s	20.0s	%E
P308	JOG Dec ti	0.1~60.0s	0.1s	20.0s	%E

JOG frequency has the highest priority. In any stage, as long as input, the inverter will switch to JOG frequency running by JOG which is shown as Fig.6-14

JOG Acc time is the time for inverter accelerating from 0 to upper JOG frequency

JOG Dec time is the time for inverter decelerating from upper JOG frequency to 0

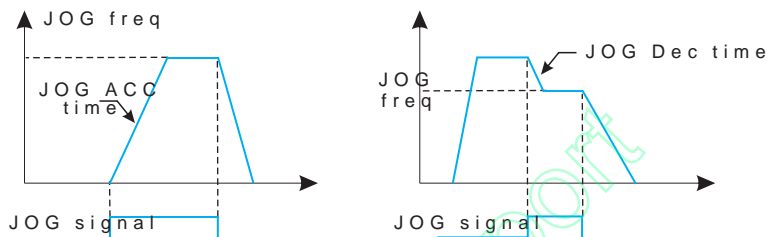


Fig.6-14 JOG running

Note:

- ★ JOG running is available in panel control mode, terminal and communication control mode.
- ★ After JOG running command is canceled, the inverter will decelerate to stop.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.0	Communication configuration	000~155	1	005	x

User can configure the baud rate, data format and communication P3.09

Communication configuration	
LED unit digit (baud rate)	0~1200BPS 1~2400BPS 2~4800BPS 3~9600BPS 4~19200BPS 5~38400BPS
LED ten's digit (data format)	0~1~2 Format, without check; 1-initial place, without check; 1~1~1 Format, odd parity check; 1-initial place, odd parity check; 2~1~1 Format, even parity check; 1-initial place, even parity check;

Communication configuration	
LED ten s (data for	3 γ 1 γ 8 γ 2 Format, without check γ 1-initial place place, without check 4 γ 1 γ 8 γ 1 Format, odd parity check γ 1-initial pla stop place, odd parity check 5 γ 1 γ 8 γ 1 Format, even parity check γ 1-initial pl stop place, even parity check 6 γ 1 γ 8 γ 1 Format, even parity check γ 1-initial pl stop place, without check
LED hund digit (communic n mode)	0: MODBUS γ ASCII Mode: MODBUS communicat data transmission ; 1: MODBUS γ RTU Mode: MODBUS communicatio transmission.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.1	Local address	0 γ ^248	1	1	x

This function is used to mark the address of inverter itself in se
0 Broadcast address. When the inverter works as a slave, if it
0, it means the inverter is receiving broadcast command and
host.

248 Host address. When the inverter works as a host, set P3.1
to send broadcast command to other slave inverters so as
interaction

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.1	Communication overtime detect	0.0 γ ^1000.0S	0.1s	0.0s	x

When serial port communication is failed, if the duration exceed
the inverter will conclude that there is a communication failure.

As set value is 0, the inverter will not detect the serial port c
function is invalid.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.1	Local response	0 γ ^1000ms	1s	5ms	x

Local response delay is the time from serial port receiving the
puter and executing the command to responding the upper comp

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.1	Multi-running p	0.01~1.00	0.01	1.00	×

This function code is used to set the scale factor of in set command through serial port. The actual inverter run to this scale factor multiplied by received frequency set port.

In multi-machine interaction running mode, it can use scale of multi-inverter running frequency. That is differ

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P314	Acc time2	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P315	Dec time2	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P316	Acc time3	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P317	Dec time3	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P318	Acc time4	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P319	Dec time4	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P320	Acc time5	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P321	Dec time5	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P322	Acc time6	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P323	Dec time6	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P324	Acc time7	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E
P325	Dec time7	0.1~6000.0	0.1	20.0	%E

This function can define seven kinds of Acc/Dec time. Acc/Dec time during running process by different combi (Please refer to P4.00~P4.05).

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P326	Multi-stage f	Multi-stage freq.	0.01H	5.00H	%E
P327	Multi-stage f	Multi-stage freq.	0.01H	10.00	%E
P328	Multi-stage f	Multi-stage freq.	0.01H	20.00	%E

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P329	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.4	0.01Hz	30.00	%E
P330	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.5	0.01Hz	40.00	%E
P331	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.6	0.01Hz	45.00	%E
P332	Multi-stage	Multi-stage freq.7	0.01Hz	50.00	%E

These setting frequency can be used in multi-stage speed running mode (please refer to P.00~P4.05 and P8 group).

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P333	Jump freq	0.00 ~ 500.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
P334	Jump freq.1	0.00 ~ 30.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
P335	Jump freq	0.00 ~ 500.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×
P336	Jump freq.2	0.00 ~ 30.00Hz	0.01Hz	0.00Hz	×

This function is used for the inverter to avoid the resonance frequency. The inverter setting frequency is able to do jump running near as Fig.6-14. It can set 3 jump ranges at most.

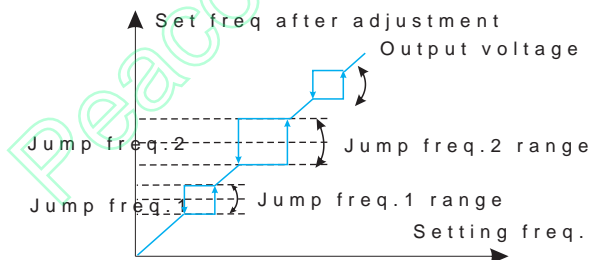


Fig.6-15 Jump frequency and range

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P3.3	Reserved	0000 ~ 9999	1	0000	×
P3.3	Zero frequency DC braking voltage	0.0V ~ 15.0V	0.1V	0.0V	×

DC brake at 0 freq means inverter output DC voltage to 0. Users can adjust P3.38 to get larger braking force, b

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P339	Set running	0~65.535K hour	0.001	0.000	%E
P340	Total runni	0~65.535K hour	0.001	0.000	%E

As total running time reaches set running time, the inve (refer to P4.08~P4.09).

P3.40 function code defines the total running time of in to present.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P341	Inspection sp wait time	0.0~60.0	0.1s	2.0 s	%E

P3.41 is used for setting waiting time for restart at 0 fr using the parameter to restart.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P342	Inspection sp start the	0.0~150.0	0.1	100.0	%E

P3.42 is used to limit the maximum output current of re

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P343	Running dis parameter sel	0~15	1	00	%E

This function is used for LED displayed parameter whe relate to monitoring parameter b-01 to b-15. For exan displayed on LED when setting P3.43=03. Users can m by pressing $\frac{9}{10}\frac{00}{20}$ key.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P344	Stop display parameter selection	0~15	1	00	%E

This function is used for LED displayed parameter when relate to monitoring parameter b-01 to b-15. For example, displayed on LED when setting P3.44=03. Users can modify by pressing $\frac{9}{10}\%$ key.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P345	No unit display coefficient	0~60.0	0.1	29.0	%E

The function is used for proportional relationship of monitoring and the output frequency

b-06 displayed value=output freq.×P3.45

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P346	JOG/REV Switching control	0~1	1	0	x

Select the JOG / REV key switching. Settings are as follows

0 JOG running mode

1 REV running mode

6.5 Terminal Control Function Parameter (P4 Group)

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P4.0	Input terminal X1 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X2 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X3 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X4 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X5 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X6 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X7 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X8 function se	0~30	1	0	x
P4.0	Input terminal X1 function se	0~30	1	0	x

The multifunctional input terminal X1~X8 provide various value of P4.00~P4.07 to define the function of terminal 1. Terminal X7 - FWD terminal, X8 - REV terminal.

Table 6-1 Multifunctional input selection

code	function	code	function
0	Idle terminal	1	Multi-stage speed
2	Multi-stage speed	3	Multi-stage speed
4	External FWD JOG input	5	External REV JOG input
6	Acc/Dec time terminal	7	Acc/Dec time terminal
8	Acc/Dec time terminal	9	3-wire control
10	Free stop input FR	11	External stop command
12	Stopping DC brake command DB	13	Inverter running protection
14	Freq. increase command	15	Freq. decrease command (DOWN)

conte	function	conte	function
16	Acc/Dec prohibited	17	External reset input (fault)
18	Peripheral equipment input (normally open)	19	Freq. control channel selection 1
20	Freq. control channel selection 2	21	Freq. control channel selection 3
22	Command switched terminal	23	Running command mode selection 1
24	Running command mode selection 2	25	Swing freq start mode selection
26	Swing freq running	27	Close loop invalid
28	Simple PLC running command	29	PLC invalid
30	PLC reset in stopping	31	Freq. switched to 0
32	Counter trigger signal	33	Counter clear input
34	External interrupt input	35	Pulse freq. input (for X6)
36	Fire mode		

Description of function listed in Table 6-1:

1~3: Multi-stage speed control terminal

It can set 7-stage speed running frequency at most by combination of these 3 control terminals and selecting Acc/Dec shown as Table 6-2.

Table 6-2 Multi-stage speed running selection

K3	K2	K1	Freq. setting	Acc/Dec time
OFF	OFF	OFF	Normal running	Acc/Dec time
OFF	OFF	ON	Multi-stage fre	Acc/Dec time
OFF	ON	OFF	Multi-stage fre	Acc/Dec time
OFF	ON	ON	Multi-stage fre	Acc/Dec time
ON	OFF	OFF	Multi-stage fre	Acc/Dec time
ON	OFF	ON	Multi-stage fre	Acc/Dec time
ON	ON	OFF	Multi-stage fre	Acc/Dec time
ON	ON	ON	Multi-stage fre	Acc/Dec time

The above multi-stage frequency can be used in multi-stage speed running mode and simple PLC running mode. Herein take multi-stage speed running mode as an example as follows.

Define control terminal X1, X2, X3 as follows.

P4.00=1, P4.01=2, P4.03=3, that X1, X2, X3 are used to control multi-stage speed running shown as Fig.6-18.

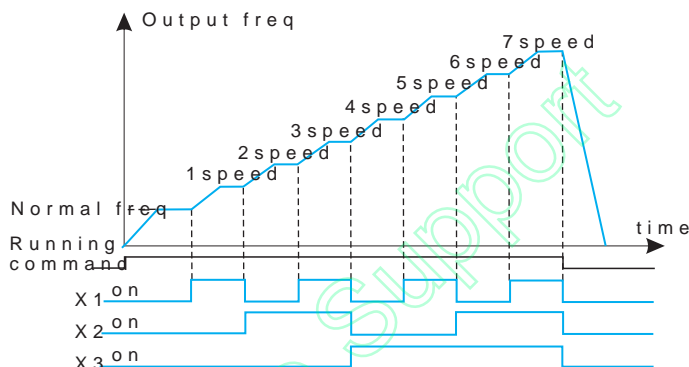


Fig 6-16 multi-stage speed running

Take terminal control mode for example as Fig.6-19, that can control forward or reverse running.

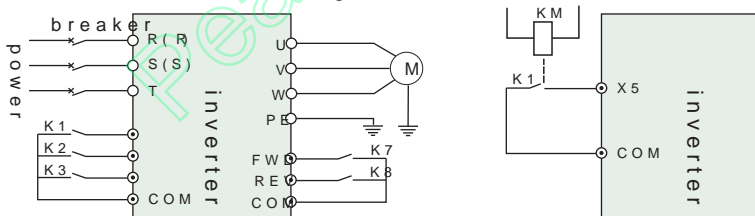


Fig.6-17 wiring diagram of Fig.6-18 peripheral equipment for multi-stage speed running

4~5: External JOG control input JOGP/JOG R.

In terminal control mode (P0.03=1), JOGP is JOG forward running and JOGR is JOG reverse running. JOG running frequency and JOG running time are defined by P3.06~P3.08.

6.8 Acc/Dec time terminal selection.

Table 6-3 Acc/Dec time terminal selection logical

Terminal	Terminal	Terminal	Acc/Dec time selected
OFF	OFF	OFF	Acc time1 / Dec time1
OFF	OFF	ON	Acc time2 / Dec time2
OFF	ON	OFF	Acc time3 / Dec time3
OFF	ON	ON	Acc time4 / Dec time4
ON	OFF	OFF	Acc time5 / Dec time5
ON	OFF	ON	Acc time6 / Dec time6
ON	ON	OFF	Acc time7 / Dec time7

By ON/OFF combination of Acc/Dec time terminal the Acc/Dec time is selected accordingly.

6.9 3-wire control. Please refer to P4.08.

6.10 Free stop input (FRS). This function is same as free stop input. But this is controlled by terminal which is convenient for remote control.

6.11 External stop command. This command is effective in remote control mode.

6.12 Stopping DC brake input command DB. Use control signal to stop DC brake to the motor during stop process in order to achieve smooth and accurate positioning. Brake start frequency, brake stop frequency are defined by P2.06~P2.08.

6.13 Inverter running prohibited. When this terminal is ON, the inverter in running state will go to stop, and the inverter in stop state will go to start. This function is mainly used in application requiring stop during running.

6.14/6.15 Freq. Increasing command (UP), Freq. decrease command (DOWN). The frequency increase or decrease is controlled by control signal at the place of control panel in remote control mode.

6.16 Acc/Dec prohibited command. To maintain the motor speed, any input command except stopping command, and keep the motor speed.

Note: Function invalid at normal Dec stop process.

6.17 External reset input (clear fault). When there is a fault, the inverter is reset by this terminal. This function is same as EN+ on the control panel.

18 Peripheral equipment fault input (normally open). The fault can be input by this terminal for the convenience of peripheral equipment. The inverter will display E-13, the fault alarm, after receiving peripheral equipment fault signal.

19-21 Freq. Control channel selection. The freq. control is switchable by the ON/OFF combination of these 3 control terminals. Table 6-4. For this function and P0.01 defined function, the later set one is prior to previous one.

Table 6-4 Freq. control channel selection logical relationship

Freq. control channel selection terminal 1	Freq. control channel selection terminal 2	Freq. control channel selection terminal 3	frequency control channel selection
OFF	OFF	OFF	Maintaining set frequency
OFF	OFF	ON	Function code digit
OFF	ON	OFF	Terminal UP/DOWN
OFF	ON	ON	Serial port given
ON	OFF	OFF	VI
ON	OFF	ON	CI
ON	ON	OFF	PULSE
ON	ON	ON	Combination given (P3.01)

22 Command switched to terminal. As this function is effective, the control mode will be switched to terminal control mode.

23-24 Running control mode selection

The running control mode can be switchable by the ON/OFF combination of 2 control terminals shown as Table 6-5. For this function and P0.01 defined function, the later set one is prior to previous one.

Table 6-5 running control mode selection logical relationship

Running control mode selection terminal 1	Running control mode selection terminal 2	Running control mode selection
OFF	OFF	Maintaining running control mode
OFF	ON	Control panel control mode
ON	OFF	Terminal control mode
ON	ON	Terminal control mode

25. Swing freq. start mode selection.

In swing frequency manual start mode, the swing frequency start mode is effective as this terminal is effective (refer to P9 Group).

26. Swing freq. running reset

In swing frequency running mode, no matter it is in manual start mode, by closing this terminal it will clear the recorded running time. The swing frequency running will restart by direct start. (Referring to P9 Group)

27. Close loop invalid

In close loop running state, this function can invalidate the close loop. The inverter will switch to lower priority running mode.

Note:

- ✦ only in the closed-loop operation (P7.00 = 1) it can be switched to open-loop and low-level operating mode.

28. Simple PLC running pause command

In simple PLC running state, as this function is effective, the inverter will pause, and the inverter will run at 0 HZ. As this function is effective, the inverter will automatically execute running speed tracking start (refer to P8 Group).

29. PLC invalid

In PLC running state, this function can invalidate the PLC running. The inverter will switch to lower priority running mode.

30. PLC reset in stopping state

In the stopping state of PLC running mode, as this function is effective, the inverter will clear the data recorded in stopping state, including running time, and running frequency, etc. (refer to P8 Group).

31. Freq. Switched to CI

When this function is effective, the frequency control will switch to the frequency control given by the CI.

32. Counter trigger signal input

There is a built-in counter in inverter, the max input puport is 200Hz. It can store memory the present counted (refer to P4.21, P4.22).

33 Counter clear input

Clear the built-in counter to 0.

34 External interrupt input

In the running state, when inverter receives external ioutput, and run at zero frequency. After the interrupt inverter will execute automatically the running speed continue to run again.

35 Pulse freq. input

Only valid for X4 terminal. This terminal receives pulse command (refer to P1.11~P1.15).

36: Fire mode

Inverters ignore the control signal or alram in the fire extend the reliable running time until it is damaged to a smoke-free environment.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.0	FWD/Rerunn mode select	0~4	1	0	×

4 control modes:

0 2-wire control mode 1

K2	K1	Command
0	0	Stop
0	1	FWD
1	0	REV
1	1	Stop

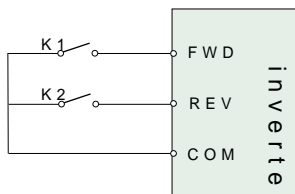


Fig.6-19 2-wire control mode1

1) 2-wire control mode 2

K2	K1	Command
0	0	Stop
1	0	Stop
0	1	FWD
1	1	REV

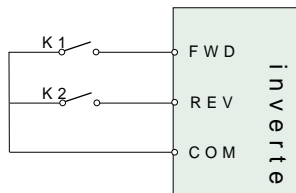


Fig.6-20 2-wire control mode 2

2) 3-wire control mode 1

Xi is one of multifunctional input terminal X1~X6 which on 9, that is 3-wire control mode.

SB1 ȳ STOP
 SB2 ȳ FWD
 SB3 ȳ REV

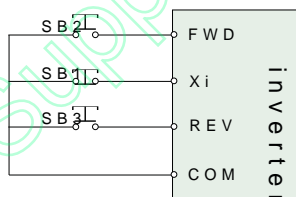


Fig.6-21 3-wire control mode 1

3) 3-wire control mode 2

Xi is one of multifunctional input terminal X1~X6 which on 9, that is 3-wire control mode.

K2	Command
0	FWD
1	REV

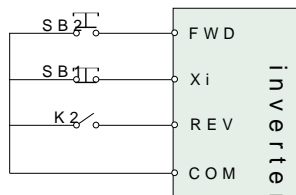


Fig.6-22 3-wire control mode 2

Note:

- ✦ In alarm stopping mode, if the running control mode is selected and FWD/REV terminal is effective, the inverter will start at once.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.0	UP/DN Rat	0.01-99.99Hz/s	0.01	1.00 Hz/s	%E

This function code defines the rate of change of set frequency terminal.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.1	2-way open collector output terminal output selected	0~22	1	0	×
P4.1	2-way open collector output terminal output selected	0~22	1	0	×
P4.1	Relay TA/TB output selected	0~22	1	0	×
P4.1	Relay RA/RE output selected	0~22	1	0	×

OC1 Open collector output terminals for function optional

Table 6-6 Output terminal function selection

conte	function	conte	function
0	Inverter is running(R)	1	Freq. arrival sign
2	Freq. level detected signal(FDT1)	3	reversed
4	Overload pre-alarm signal(OL)	5	Under voltage lockout(LU)
6	External faults stop	7	Output freq. upper limit(FH)
8	Output freq. lower limit	9	Inverter in 0 speed
10	Simple PLC stage run	11	PLC running cycle
12	Set counts arrival	13	Specified counts
14	Inverter ready for run(RDY)	15	Inverter fault
16	Start freq. running time	17	DC brake time wh

code	function	code	function
18	DC brake time when	19	Swing freq. upper limit
20	Set running time arrival	21	Upper pressure alarm signal
22	Lower pressure alarm		

The description of function listed in Table 6-6 as follows:

0. Inverter in running (RUN). In the running state, it outputs index signal.

1. Freq. arrival signal (FAR). Please refer to P4.12.

2. Freq. level detected signal (FDT1). Refer to P4.11~P4.12.

3. reserved

4. Overload pre-alarm signal (OL). As inverter output current reaches defined overload detected level and the time is longer than the detected time. It outputs index signal.

5. Under voltage locking (LU). In the running state, when the input voltage is lower than limited level, the inverter will display E-11.

6. External fault stopping (EXT). When external fault occurs, it outputs index signal.

7. Output freq. upper limit (FH). When set freq. upper limit frequency reaches upper limit freq, it outputs index signal.

8. Output freq. lower limit (FL). When setting freq. lower limit frequency reaches lower limit frequency, it outputs index signal.

9. Inverter in zero speed running. When the inverter outputs zero speed running state, it will output index signal.

10. Simple PLC stage running finish. When present simple PLC stage running finishes, it outputs index signal. (single pulse signal, width is 500ms).

11. A PLC running cycle finish. When a simple PLC running cycle finishes, it outputs index signal. (single pulse signal, width is 500ms).

12. Set counts arrival.

13. Specified counts arrival. (Refer to P4.21~P4.22)

14 Inverter ready for running(RDY). When this signal inverter bus bar voltage is normal, and the inverter run invalid, that inverter can start.

15 Inverter fault. When fault occurs in the running signal.

16 Start freq. running time .

17 DC brake time when start.

18 DC brake time when stop.

19 Swing freq. upper/lower limit. In swing frequency fluctuation range of swing frequency calculated according upper limit freq.P0.19 or below lower limit freq.P0.20, i

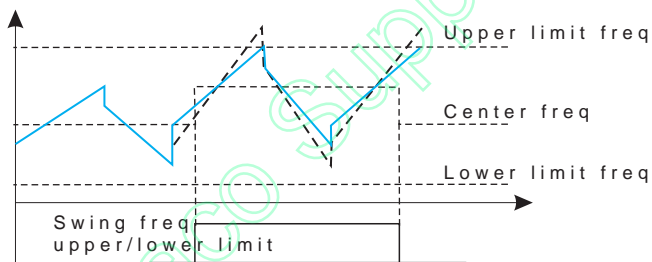


Fig.6-23 swing freq. upper/lower limit

20 Set running time arrival. When inverter total running time (P3.39), it outputs index signal.

21: upper pressure alarm signal. On closed-loop control signal when the pipeline pressure is greater than the upper pressure.

22: Lower pressure alarm signal. On closed-loop control signal when the pipeline pressure is lower than the lower pressure.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.1	Freq. arrival detection rate	0.00 400.00Hz	0.01H	5.00H	×

This function is a complement to function 1 listed in Table 6-24. The frequency is in the + - detection range of set frequency shown as Fig.6-24.

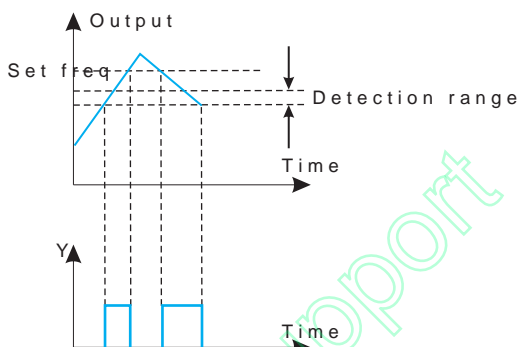


Fig.6-24 Freq. arrival detection range

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.1	Freq. arriv detection ra	0.00 400.00Hz	0.01H	5.00H	x
P4.1	FDT1 lag	0.00 50.00Hz	0.01H	1.00H	%E

P4.13~P4.14 are the complement to function 2 listed in Table 6-6. Both P4.13 and P4.14 are the complement to function 3 listed in Table 6-6. Both example, when output frequency exceeds a certain setpoint, the outputs index signal until output frequency decreasing to below FDT1 (FDT1-FDT1 lag) shown as Fig.6-25.

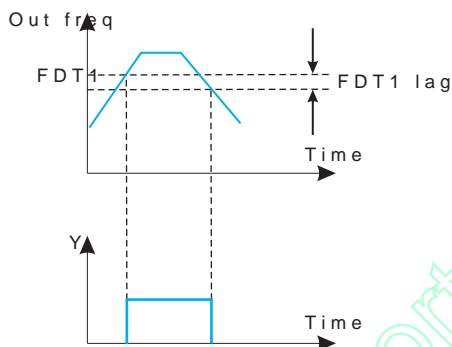


Fig.6-25 freq level detection

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P4.1	Analog output selection	0~7	01	00	%
P4.1	Analog	0.50~2.00	0.01	1.00	%
P4.1	Analog output (AO2) selection	0~7	01	00	%
P4.2	Analog output (AO2) gain	0.50~2.00	0.01	1.00	%

6-7 Output terminal indication

Conte	Function	Indication range
0	Output freq.	0~limit freq
1	Output current	0~2×rated current
2	Output voltage	0~1.2×motor rated voltage
3	Bus bar voltage	0~800V
4	PID given	0~10V
5	PID feedback	0~10V
6	VI	0~10V
7	CI	0~10V/4~20mA

Ten s cont	Function	description
0	0 ^Δ 10V	Output voltage 0 10V
1	0 ^Δ 20mA	Output current 0 20mA
2	4 ^Δ 20mA	Output current 4 20mA

As to AO analog output, if user wants to change measurement tolerance, it can be achieved by regulating the output gain.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P4.2	DO output tolerance	0 ^Δ 7	0.01H	5.00H	%

Please refer to Table 6-7.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P4.2	DO max pulse output frequency	0.1K 20.0K	0.1KH	10.0KH	%
P4.2	Set counts given	F4.20 9999	1	0	%
P4.2	Specified counts given	0 ^Δ F4.19	1	0	%

P4.21, P4.22 are the complement to function 12, 13 listed.

Set counts given: It refers to when how many pulse signals trigger signal input function terminal), OC (2-way open relay outputs an index signal).

When Xi inputs the 8th pulse signal, OC outputs an index signal shown as Fig.6-26.

Specified counts given: It refers to when how many pulse signals or relay outputs an index signal, until set counts arrival.

When Xi inputs the 5th pulse signal, relay outputs an index signal arrival, that is P4.22=5, shown as Fig.6-27. When specified counts, specified counts invalid.

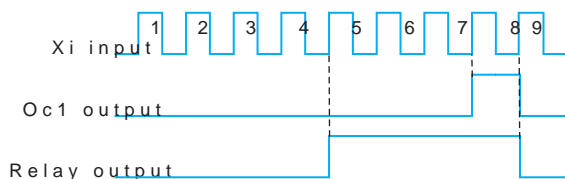


Fig.6-26 set counts given and specified counts g

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P4.2	Overload pre detection le	$20\% \sim 200\%$	1	130%	%
P4.2	Overload pre delay time	0.1s ~ 20.0s	0.1s	5.0s	%

If output current exceeds continuously current detection level current = P4.23 X inverter rated current by P4.24, the open collector outputs valid signal shown

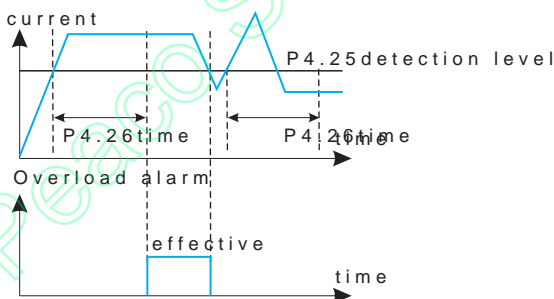


Fig.6-27 overload alarm

6.6 Protection Function Parameter (P5 Group)

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P5.0	Motor overload protection mode selection	0~1	1	0	x

This parameter defines the inverter protection mode in current.

0: Stop outputting: In the case of overload, over current putting at once, and the motor will go to free stopping

1: Inaction: Without overload protection to load motor , caution.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P5.0	Motor overload protection coefficient	20~120%	1	100%	x

This parameter is used for setting sensitivity of thermal motor. When motor output current doesn't match inverter, this parameter it could get correct protection to motor.

$$[P5.01] = \frac{\text{Motor rated current}}{\text{Inverter rated output current}} * 100\%$$

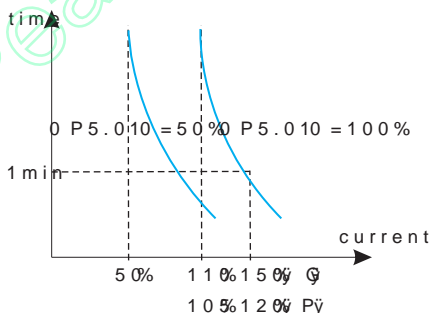


Fig. 6-30 Thermal relay protection

Note:

- ★ Note: When one inverter drives multi-motor in linkage running, it will be out of action. Please install thermal relay to each motor to protect the motor effectively.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P5.0	Overvoltage Selection	0~1	1	1	×
P5.0	Overvoltage point	380V~1200V 220V~1300V	1V	140V 120V	%E

0 prohibited

1 allowed

In inverter Dec running process, because of the affection of load, the Dec rate of motor speed may be lower than output frequency, so the motor will feed back electrical energy to inverter, resulting in bus bar voltage rising. If don't take measures, the overvoltage will be triggered. In the inverter Dec running process, the overvoltage protection function will detect the bus bar voltage and compare it with the overvoltage stall point defined by P5.03 (relative to standard bus bar voltage). When the bus bar voltage reaches the stall point, the inverter will stop decreasing output frequency, and the bus bar voltage lower than overvoltage stall point again, then the inverter will continue Dec running, as shown as Fig.6-29.

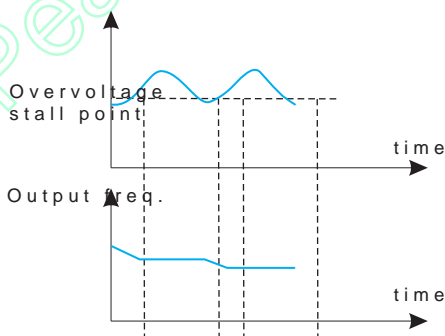


Fig.6-29 overvoltage stall

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P5.0	Auto current level	110%~200%	1%	150%	×
P5.0	Freq. drop during current limit	0.00~99.99Hz/s	0.01Hz/s	10.00/s	%E
P5.0	Auto current mode select	0/1	1	1	×

Auto current limit function is to auto limit the load current limit level (P5.04) by real time monitoring the load current trip caused by over current. It is suitable to some application load change in intensity.

Function code P5.04 defines the current threshold value, the set range is a percentage to inverter rated current. It is regulating rate to output frequency during auto current limit.

If freq. drop rate (P5.05) during current limit is too small, the limit state, it may finally cause load fault. If freq. drop rate is too large, it may cause inverter overvoltage.

Auto current limit function is always valid during AccD mode selection (P5.06) defines whether auto current limit is valid in constant speed running state.

P5.06=0 Auto current limit invalid in constant speed running state.

P5.06=1 Auto current limit valid in constant speed running state.

Auto current limit function is not suitable to constant speed running output frequency, because the output frequency may change during limit action.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P5.0	Restart setting after power failure	0/1	1	0	×
P5.0	Restart waiting time after power failure	0.00~10.0s	0.1s	0.5s	×

P5.07 = 0 Restart after momentary power failure inaction.

P5.07 = 1 Restart after momentary power failure inaction.

If occur momentary power failure (LED displays E-11) when power comes back, the inverter will automatically restart mode after waiting for time set by P5.08. During is a run command inputting, the inverter will not restart input at that time, the inverter will cancel tracking speed

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P5.0	Restart setting power failure	0~10	1	0	×
P5.1	Self-recovery interval time	0.5~20.0s	0.1s	5.0s	×

During inverter running, fault may occur accidentally and due to load fluctuation. At the moment, user may use fault order not to stop running of equipment driven by inverter. After recovery, the inverter will execute tracking speed restart to restart successfully in set times defined by P5.10, it and stop output.

Note:

- ★ This function is used on condition that the inverter has no speed recovery function is allowed; by equipment
- ★ This function is invalid to fault protection due to overload or

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P5.1	Input missing protection	0~1	1	0	%E

0: Inaction

1: Action

Note:

- ★ U phase missing protection, displays E-26
- ★ V phase missing protection, displays E-27
- ★ W phase missing protection, displays E-28

6.7 Fault Record Function Parameter (P6 Group)

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defaul	Modi
P6.0	Previous failure	Previous failure re	1	0	*
P6.0	Previous second fault record	Previous secondary record	1	0	*
P6.0	Previous third records	Previous third failu	1	0	*
P6.0	Previous fourth record	Previous fourth fai	1	0	*
P6.1	Previous fifth record	Previous fifth failu	1	0	*
P6.1	Previous sixth record	Previous sixth failu	1	0	*

0: No fault

1~17: E-01~E-17 fault, refer to Chapter 7.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defaul	Modi
P6.0	Output frequency at the previous	Output frequency at previous fault	0.01Hz	0	*
P6.0	Set frequency at the previous fault	Set frequency at the previous fault	0.01Hz	0	*
P6.0	Output current at the previous fault	Output current at the previous fault	0.1A	0	*
P6.0	Output voltage at the previous fault	Output voltage at the previous fault	1V	0	*
P6.0	DC bus voltage at the previous fault	DC bus voltage at the previous fault	1V	0	*
P6.0	Module temperature at the previous	Module temperature at previous fault	10C	0	*

6.8 Close Loop Running Control Function parameter

Analog feedback control system:

Input pressure given value by VI and input 4~20mA feedback sensor by CI, constitute an analog feedback control system shown as Fig.6-30.

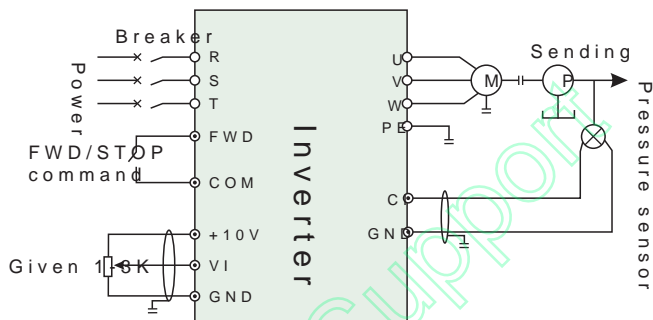


Figure 6-30 Built-in PI simulation feedback control system

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Close loop running control selection	0~1	1	0	×

0: Invalid

1: Valid

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Close loop running channel selection	0~2	1	0	×

0: Digital given

1: VI analog 0~10V voltage given

2: CI analog 0~10V voltage given or 4~20mA current given
analog given 10V corresponding the rotate speed of max

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Feedback channel selection	0~6	1	0	×

0: VI analog 0~10V input voltage

1: CI analog 0~10V input voltage

2: VI + CI

3: VI - CI

4: Min[VI CI]

5: Max[VI CI]

6: CI analog 4~20mA input voltage. System board JP3 jump side, so as to select current feedback input.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Given channel time constant	0.01 ~ 50.00s	0.01	0.50s	%E
P7.0	Feedback channel filtering time	0.01 ~ 50.00s	0.01	0.50s	%E

External to a given and feedback channels are often superimposed with interference, by setting the P7.03 and P7.04 filter time constant, the longer the anti-interference ability is stronger, but the response time is longer, the shorter the response time is shorter, but the anti-interference ability is weaker.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Given value setting	0.00 ~ 20.000Mpa	0.00 Mpa	0.000 Mpa	×

As P7.01=0, P7.05 defined value is used as close loop control value, that user can change system given value by revising P7.05 on the control panel or serial port to control close loop system.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Close loop adj characterist	0~1	1	0	%E

The parameters used to define the feedback signal and the relationship between signal:

0) Positive characteristic: Said feedback signal corresponds to the maximum.

1) Negative characteristic: Said feedback signal corresponds to the minimum.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Feedback channel	0.01 ~ 10.00	0.01	1.00	x

As the feedback channel and the channel signal level is the same, the parameters of the feedback channel signal gain adjustment:

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.0	Lower pressure	0.01 ~ 10.00	0.001	0.001	%E
P7.0	Upper pressure	P7.08 ~ P7.27	0.001	1.000	%E

This parameter is used to set upper and lower limit pressure. If the set pressure is greater than the P7.09 value, the maximum set pressure is the set pressure. If the set pressure is less than the value of P7.08, set the P7.08 value.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.1	PID Controller select	0.01 ~ 10.00	1	1	x

This parameter is used to select the built-in PID control mode:

0) Proportional control

1) Integral control

2) Proportion, integral control

3) Proportion, integral, differential control

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.1	Proportional gain	0.00 ~ 5.00	0.01	0.50	% \dot{E}
P7.1	Integral time constant	0.01 ~ 100.0s	0.1	10.0s	% \dot{E}
P7.1	Differential	0.00 ~ 5.0	0.1	10.0s	x

Built-in PID controller parameters setting, should according to the process characteristics and system adjustment.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.1	Sampling period	0.01 ~ 1.00s	0.01	0.10	% \dot{E}

Feedback value sampling period.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.1	Tolerance limit	0.01 ~ 20.0%	0.1%	0.0%	% \dot{E}

Loop setting point maximum allowable deviation, as shown in the figure. When the amount of feedback keeps in this range, the PI regulator function is reasonable use contribute to the coordination and stability of the contradiction between.

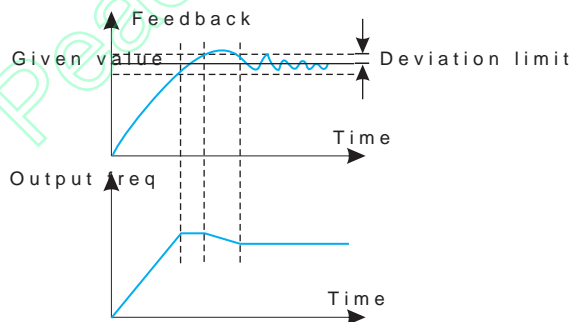


Fig.6-31 Deviation limit

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.1	PID Feedback disc detection thresh	0~ Upper limit f	0.01H	0.00H	%E
P7.1	PID Feedback disc action selectio	0~ 3	1	0	%E
P7.1	PID Feedback disc operation delay	0.0~ 5.00s	0.01	1.00s	%E

As the PID feedback value below P7.16 set detection threshold, it is judged to feedback. The feedback delay time P7.18 seconds later, it is judged to feedback. The feedback will be defined by the parameter P7.17 selection after feedback.

0~ Stop;

1~ According to the P0.02 setting frequency operation;

2~ According to upper limit frequency operation;

3~ According to upper limit frequency half running.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.1	Pressure level	0.00~ P7.20	0.00 Mpa	0.001 pa	%E

This parameter defines the system from a hibernation state to a normal state of the pressure limit.

As the pipeline pressure is smaller than the set value, it is judged to reduce or increase in the water content, frequency control will be automatically from the dormant state to state.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.2	Hibernation press	P7.1~ P7.27	01	00	%E

This parameter defines the system enters a hibernation state.

As the pipeline pressure is greater than the set value, supply systems have been adjusted to the hibernation state. The descriptions of actual water decrease sharply or tap water supply frequency of water supply system to automatically enter hibernation wait wake.

As the water supply system to reach the awake and hibernation, pipe network pressure level maintained in continuous time.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.2	Hibernation level time	0~250s	1s	10s	%E

The parameter setting in hibernation, pipe network pressure level maintained in continuous time.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.2	Hibernation frequency	0.00~400.0Hz	0.01Hz	20.00	%E

The parameter is setting the minimum operating enter into

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.2	Hibernation frequency continuous time	0~250s	1s	10s	%E

The parameter is setting inverter running time, when rea

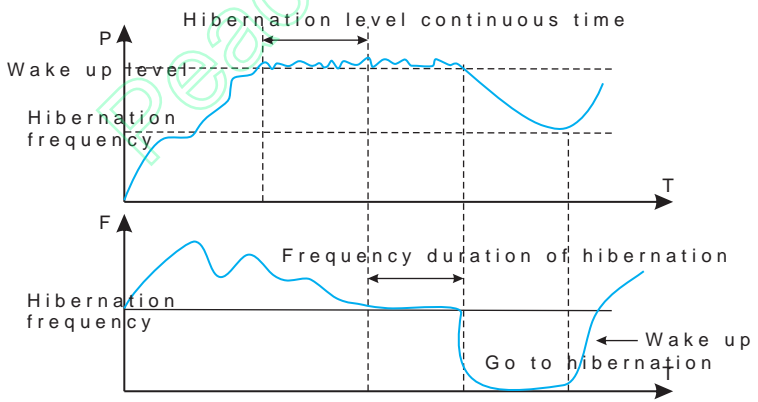


Fig.6-32 Hibernation wake diagram

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.2	Low alarm pressure	0.00M P7.25	0.00 Mpa	0.001 pa	%E
P7.2	The alarm pressure	P7.24 P7.27	0.00 Mpa	0.001 pa	%E

As the pressure of a pipe network under lower pressure, reaches the set upper limit frequency of or all the pu indicates that the pipeline under pressure, frequency c signal. P4.10 or P4.11 is set to 21, then the maximum pr

As the pipeline pressure is greater than the upper limit frequency reaches the set lower limit of frequency, in pressure, frequency converter can output alarm signal. T determine the pipeline blocking. P4.10 or P4.11 is set t pressure alarm.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.2	Constant pre water supply	0~4	1	0	x

0ÿ No constant pressure water supply mode.

1ÿ One pump water supply modeÿ Selection of the constant boardÿ0

2ÿ Two pumps water supply modeÿ Selection of the constan boardÿ0

3ÿ Three pumps water supply modeÿ Selection of the const pply boardÿ0

4ÿ Four pumps water supply modeÿ Selection of the consta boardÿ.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.2	Remote pres gauge rang	0.00M 20.000Mpa	0.00 Mpa	1.000 pa	%E

This parameter setting is equal to actual use of gauge ra or 20mA.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.2	Multi pump operation mode	0~1	1	0	%E
P7.2	Rotation in intervals	0.1~100.0H	0.1H	5.0H	%E

Multi pump operation mode for each pump capacity the same.

0~ Fixed sequence shift: According to the detected pressure shifting sequence plus or minus pump. General pump start.

1~ Timing of the Shift: This way is actually at a certain time number, to ensure that each pump can get equal chance to prevent the pump break for a long time no using. Timing parameter defined.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.3	Pump switch judgment time	0.1~1000.0s	0.1s	300.0	%E

This parameter is used to set the judgment of stability to deduce the pump Nos. The setting of parameters too short pressure shocks, but the pressure response more quickly.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P7.3	Electromagnetic switching delay	0.1~10.0s	0.1s	0.5s	x

The parameters used to define system delay time of electromagnetic switching from Grid frequency to Variable frequency. Grid frequency.. In order to prevent the circuit shorten terminal and power supply caused by electromagnetic switching.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.3	PID Control of positive and negative role and feedback pressure error polarity	0~11	1	00	×
P7.3	Feedback error pressure adjustment coefficient	0.00~20.000Mpa	0.00 Mpa	0.000 pa	×

PID Control of positive and negative role and feedback	
Unit	0: PID forward action 1: PID reverse action
Ten	0: The feedback pressure is greater than the set pressure 1: feedback pressure is less than actual pressure
Hundred	0: wake up sleep pressure is actual pressure 1: wake up sleep pressure is set pressure
Thousand	0: Press to view the monitoring parameters, all parameters are viewed in order 1: Press to view the monitoring parameters. The parameters of group B only view the three parameters of set pressure and output frequency

As the PID is stable, found the set pressure and actual pressure can be adjusted by P7.32 and P7.33 to eliminate the error. When the actual pressure is greater than set pressure, P7.3 ten bit set to 1, when the actual pipeline pressure is less than set pressure, when the actual pipeline pressure is greater than set pressure, P7.33 ten bit set to " 0 ", and the P7.33=set pressure.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P7.3	Closed loop of frequency	0~Upper limit frequency	0.00Hz	0.00Hz	×
P7.3	Closed loop of frequency hold	0.0~200.0s	0.1s	0.0s	×

The function code can make the closed-loop regulation. When the inverter will accelerate to closed loop of preset point P7.32 frequency for a period of time. After that time, inverter will run at the set frequency.

6.9 PLC Running Parameter (P8 Group)

Simple PLC function is a multi-stage speed generator. The frequency and running direction in set running time to start and shown as Fig.6-33.

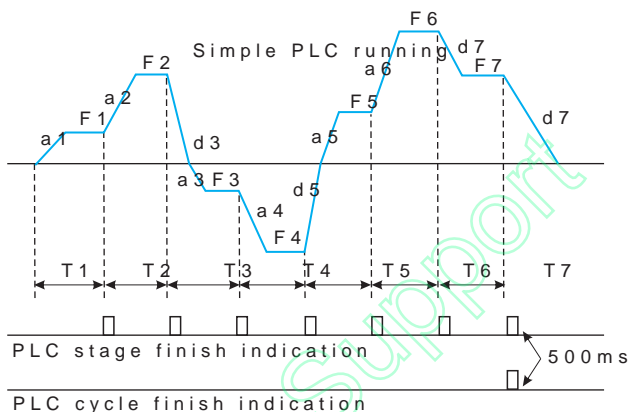


Fig.6-33 simple PLC running

a1~a7, d1~d7 are Acc and Dec time in each stage shown in Fig.6-33. They are defined by Acc/Dec time parameter P0.17, P0.18 and P3.17.

F1~F7, T1~T7 are running frequency and running time within each stage on code P8.01~P8.14.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P8.0	PLC running mode selection	LED unit: 0~3; ten hundred: 0,1; thou	1	0000	×

LED unit s digit: PLC running mode selection

0: Inaction

1: Stop after single cycle

The inverter will stop automatically after one cycle. It will start again when a new running command shown as Fig.6-34.

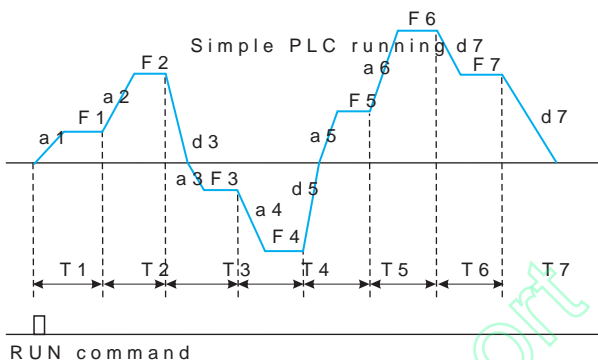


Fig.6-34 PLC stop after single cycle

2) Running at final frequency after single cycle:

The inverter will keep running at the frequency and decelerate after one cycle. It will stop in set dec time after receiving stop command. Fig.6-35.

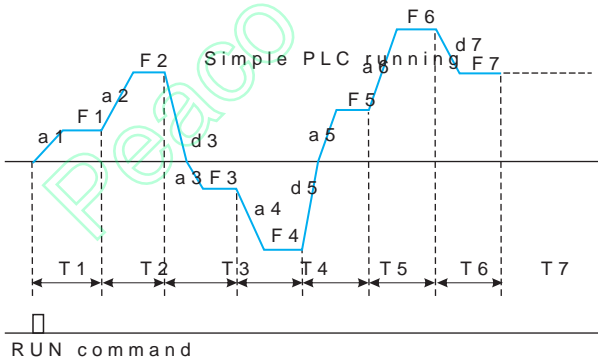


Fig.6-35 PLC running at final frequency after single cycle

3) Continuous cycle

The inverter automatically starts a new cycle after one stop command shown as Fig.6-36.

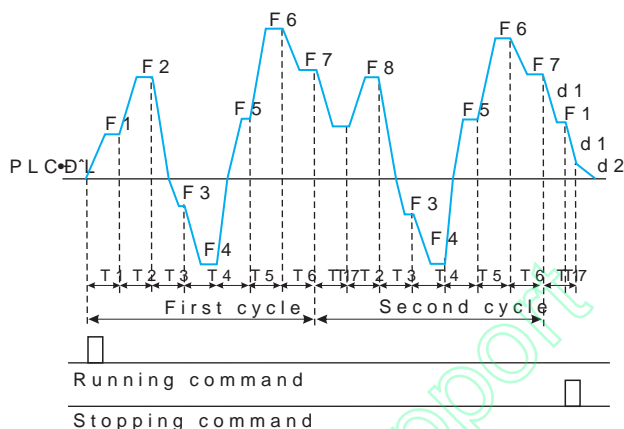
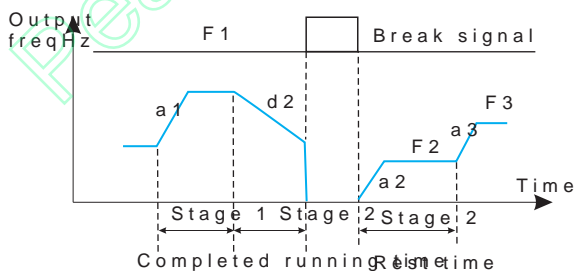


Fig.6-36 PLC continuous cycle

LED ten's digit: PLC restart mode selection

0: Restart from the first stage after stop caused by stop power failure.

1: Restart from the freq. of break stage. After stop caused by fault, the inverter will record the running time completely and runs at set freq. of break stage in rest time of break.



a1: Acc time of stage 1 a2: Acc time of stage 2 a3: Acc time of stage 3
d2: Dec time of stage 2 F1: freq of stage 1 F2: freq of stage 2

Fig.6-37 PLC restart mode 1

LED hundred s digit: PLC state parameter save mode select
 0: No save. Inverter don't save PLC running state after stop from the first stage.

1: Save. Inverter saves PLC running state after power off, frequency and running time of break stage.

LED thousand s digit: PLC running time unit

0: Second

1: Minute

The unit only run on PLC stage time definition Valid! deceleration time unit selection is determined by P0.16

Note:

- ★ PLC for a certain period of time setting 0, means the stage is stop
- ★ Through the terminal, PLC process can be suspended, failure group P4 terminal related functional parameter group.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P8.0	Stage 1 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 1 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 2 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 2 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 3 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 3 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 4 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.0	Stage 4 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.0	Stage 5 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.1	Stage 5 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.1	Stage 6 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.1	Stage 6 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E
P8.1	Stage 7 set	0.0~621	1	000	%E
P8.1	Stage 7 runni	0.1~6000.0	0.1	10.0	%E

Function code P8.01~P8.14 are used to define PLC running time and Acc/Dec time by LED unit s, ten s, hundred s digit

LED unit s digit: start mode	
0:	Multi-stage frequency i (i=1~7) defined by P3.26-P3.27
1:	Freq. defined by P0.01 function code
LED ten s digit: running direction selection	
0:	Forward
1:	Reverse
2:	Controlled by running command.
LED hundred s digit: Acc/Dec time selection	
0:	Acc/Dec time 1
1:	Acc/Dec time 2
2:	Acc/Dec time 3
3:	Acc/Dec time 4
4:	Acc/Dec time 5
5:	Acc/Dec time 6
6:	Acc/Dec time 7

6.10 Swing Frequency Function Parameter (P9.02)

Swing frequency running is used in textile, chemical fibre spinning and other applications which needs traverse drive and winding. The type of application is shown in Fig.6-45.

The swing frequency process is normally as follow:

Firstly it accelerates to preset swing freq (P9.02) in set speed running while(P9.03), then after goes to swing centre frequency (P9.04) it enters into swing freq cycle running in set swing amplitude (P9.05), swing freq cycle (P9.06) and delta wave ascent (P9.07) stop command to stop in set Dec time.

The swing centre frequency comes from set frequency of speed running or PLC running.

The swing freq running will be invalid automatically as speed running mode starts.

When PLC running with swing freq, swing frequency will stop in PLC stage. It will go to PLC set frequency according to PLC command. When swing frequency restarts. When stopping command is received it will stop in PLC Dec time.

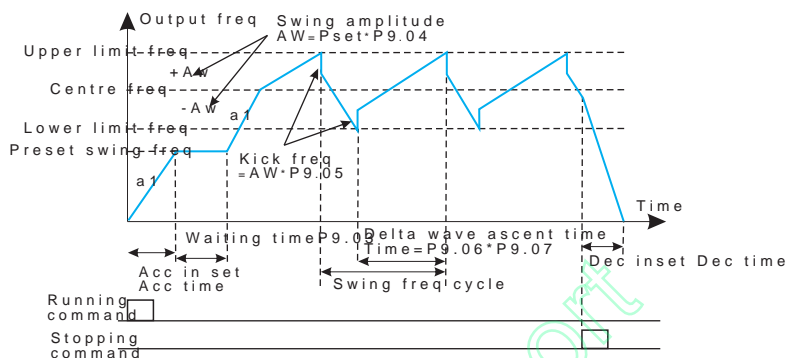


Fig.6-38 Swing frequency running

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P9.0	Swing freq. s	0~1	1	0	x

0y Inaction

1y Action

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P9.0	Swing freq. r mode	0~1	1	0	x

After inspecting cable connection and power source for input AC power switch. The inverter's LED on control panel starts to flash. When it displays set frequency, it means the frequency setting is completed.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Facto Defau	Modi
P9.0	Swing freq. r mode	0000~1111	1111	0000	x

LED unit's digit: start mode

0: Auto start. It keeps running at preset swing frequency start, then after automatically enters into swing frequency running state. When multifunctional terminal is invalid, it quits and keeps running at preset swing frequency(P9.02).

LED ten's digit: swing amplitude control

0: Variable swing amplitude. Swing amplitude AW changes to P9.04.
1: Fixed swing amplitude. Swing amplitude AW is defined by code P9.04

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.0	Preset swing	0.00 ~ 500.00Hz	0.01Hz 0.1s	0.00Hz	%E
P9.0	Preset swing waiting time	0.00 ~ 3600.0s	0.1s	0.0s	%E

P9.02 is used for defining the running frequency before swing auto start mode is selected, P9.03 is used for defining preset swing frequency. When manual start mode is selected, Refer to Fig.6-38.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.0	Swing amplitude	0.00 ~ 50.0%	0.1%	0.0%	%E

Variable swing amplitude:

$AW = \text{centre freq} \times P9.04$ Fixed swing amplitude:

$AW = \text{max running freq} \times P9.04$

Note:

★ Swing frequency is restricted by upper/lower limit frequency.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.0	Kick frequency	0.00 ~ 50.0%	0.1%	0.0%	%E

P9.05=0, there is no kick frequency.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.0	Swing freq.	0.1~999.9s	0.1s	10.0s	%E

This function code is to define the time of a completed

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.0	delta wave a time	0.1~98.0s	0.1s	50.0s	%E

Swing freq ascent stage running time=P9.06 P9.07 (s)
running time=P9.06 (1 P9.07) (second).

Note:

- ★ User can select S curve Acc/Dec mode at the same time when selected. It can make swing freq running smooth.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.0	Terminal UP/ and Fan cor selection	00~111	1	0	%E

Unite digit

- 0: Inverter fan operation, shutdown after 1 minutes after
1: Power on the fan operation.

Ten digit

- 0: When Frequency is set by Terminal UP/DOWN (P0.01=1) frequency value after power off. When inverter restarts, saving frequency;
1: When Frequency is set by Terminal UP/DOWN (P0.01=1) frequency value after power off. The Initial frequency set

Hundred digit

- 0: Inverter run/ stop is set by Terminal (P0.03=1). After inverter will run or stop according to Terminal setting.
1: Inverter run/ stop is set by Terminal (P0.03=1). After inverter will stop.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.0	Muti-functi terminal filter	0~4	1	1	%

The parameter is used for multi-function terminals (X1). Increasing the value, the effect of filtering will be improved and the response time will be longer. Reducing the value, the effect of filtering will be reduced. Terminal response time is short. In some motion control applications, requires instant action, parameter P9.09 should set 0.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.1	Braking unit	0~100.0%	0.1%	30.0%	%

This parameter is used to set the energy consumption value. When the bus voltage in excess of P9.11 (energy consumption threshold voltage), braking unit will start the brake unit action. The high percentage setting, the braking effect will be high. Users have to set the parameters of P9.10 and select the braking resistor.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.1	Overpressure threshold voltage	0~780V	1V	780V	%
P9.1	Energy consumption threshold voltage	0~780V	1V	640V Or 35	%

This parameter is used to set the energy consumption value. Three-phase 380V inverter power brake boot bus voltage is 358V. 220V inverter power brake boot bus voltage is 358V.

Fun Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Defau	Modi
P9.1	G/P type setting single-phase type selecti	0000~1111	0000	0000	%

Unit's digit:

0: G type ; 1: P type ;

Ten's digit: reserved;

Hundred's digit: reserved;

Thousand's digit: Single-phase motor type;

0: ordinary three-phase asynchronous motor(220V);

1: single-phase asynchronous motor (removing capacitor);

2: Single-phase asynchronous motor (without removing capacitor);

Func Code	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
P9.1	User password	0~9999	1	0	%E

This function is used for prohibiting non-authorized person from modifying the function parameter. When P9.14=0000, this function is disabled.

When this function is needed, please enter 4 digits as password. Press ENTER/DATA key to confirm it, the password will be Valid.

Amend password: press MENU/ESC key to enter into password edit state. After original 4 digits password is entered correctly, press ENTER/DATA key to enter into password edit state. Select function code P9.14 (P9.14=0000 now), press ENTER/DATA key to confirm it, the new password will be Valid immediately. The super user password is 2644.

6.11 Vector Control Parameter (PA Group)

Func Code	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
PA.0	Motor parameter tuning function	0~1	1	0	×

0: Inaction

1: Static auto-tuning

When settings PA.00=1, inverter show "FUN0 ", then press ENTER/DATA key to start inverter parameter auto-tuning. When keyboard display "FUN0 ", the auto-tuning is complete.

Func Code	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
PA.0	Motor rated voltage	0~400V	1	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor rated current	0.01~500.00A	0.01	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor rated frequency	1~500Hz	1Hz	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor rated speed	1~9999 r/min	1r/min	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor poles number	2~16	1	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor stator inductance	0.1~5000.0mH	0.1m	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor rotor inductance	0.1~5000.0mH	0.1m	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor stator and mutual inductance	0.1~5000.0mH	0.1m	depends model t	x
PA.0	Motor stator resistance	0.001~50000	0.001	depends model t	x
PA.1	Motor rotor resistance	0.001~50000	0.001	depends model t	x

PA.01~PA.10 are defined as motor parameter. The initial default set parameter which depends on model type. Use parameter according to parameter of motor used. These entered correctly, otherwise, the vector control function will not have control effect.

Func Code	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
PA.1	Over current protection coefficient of torque control	0~15	1	15	x

In vector control mode, this function is used for controlling the motor to prevent over current. The range of 0-15 correspond to 50%~150% of rated current.

Func Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
PA.1	Proportion adj coefficient of deviation	50~120	1	85	×
PA.1	Integral adj coefficient F deviation	100~500	1	360	×

In vector control mode, PA.12~PA.13 are used for speed. It can achieve better motor speed control effect these two function parameter

Func Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
PA.1	Vector torque	100~150	1	100	×

In vector control mode, this function is used to boost output torque. It can properly increase this parameter in application with high output torque of motor.

6.12 Factory Function parameter (PF Group)

Func Cod	Name	Range	Min Unit	Factor Default	Modi
PF.0	Factory func	00009999	---	---	×

Factory function, user no need to amend it

Chapter 7

Troubleshooting

7.1 Fault Alarm and Troubleshooting.....	
7.2 Fault Record Search.....	
7.3 Fault Reset	

7.1 Fault Alarm Troubleshooting

When the inverter is abnormal, protection function acts: L the content, fault relay acts, the inverter stops output and

SYX3000 series inverter's fault contents and troubleshooting Table 7-1. After fault alarm occurs, fault phenomenon in detail, the fault should be processed according to Table 7-1. For technical assistance, please contact your supplier.

Fault code	Type of faults	Possible fault reasons	Troubleshooting
E-0	Acc over current	Acc time is too short	Adjust acc time
		V/F curve setup is not correct	Adjust V/F curve
		Restart the motor in tracking mode	Setup start mode as tracking restart
		Torque boost setup is too high	Adjust torque boost to auto mode
		Inverter capacity is insufficient	Select inverter with greater capacity
E-0	Dec over current	Dec time is too short	Adjust Dec time
		Potential load or load too big	Add suitable braking
		Inverter capacity is insufficient	Select inverter with greater capacity
E-0	Over current at constant speed running	Load mutation	Check load
		Acc or Dec time is too short	Adjust Acc or Dec time
		Input voltage abnormal	Check input power supply
		Load abnormal	check load
		Inverter capacity is insufficient	Select inverter with greater capacity
E-0	Acc overvoltage	Input voltage abnormal	Check input power supply
		Acc time is too short	Adjust Acc time
		Restart the motor in tracking mode	Setup start mode as tracking restart
E-0	Dec overvoltage	Dec time is too short	Adjust the Dec time
		Potential load or load too big	Add suitable braking
E-0	Overvoltage at constant speed running	Input voltage abnormal	Check input power supply
		Acc or Dec time is too short	Adjust the Acc or Dec time
		Abnormal change of voltage	Mount input reactor

Fault code	Type of faults	Possible fault reasons	Troubleshooting
E-0		Load inertia is too big	Add suitable braking
E-0	Overvoltage of control power supply	Input voltage abnormal	Check input power supply
E-0	Inverter overheating	Air duct obstruction	Clean air duct
		Environment temperature high	Improve the ventilation, decrease the carrier
		Fan damaged	Replace a new fan
		Inverter module abnormal	Contact supplier
E-0	Inverter overload	Acc time is too short	Adjust Acc time
		DC braking value is too small	Decrease DC braking and increase braking
		V/F curve setup is not correct	Adjust V/F curve
		Restart the motor in too short time	Setup start mode as tracking restart
		Mains voltage is too low	Check mains voltage
		Too heavy load	Select inverter with capacity
E-1	Motor overload	V/F curve setup is not correct	Adjust V/F curve
		Mains voltage is too low	Check mains voltage
		General motor runs at low speed with heavy load for long term	Use a special motor for long term running
		Wrong setting of motor overload protection factor	Set the factor right
		Motor choked or sudden change of load	Check load
E-1	Under voltage running	Mains voltage is too low	Check mains voltage
E-1	Inverter module protection	Inverter over current	Refer to over current troubleshooting
		Output 3-phase fault short	Re-wiring
		Air duct obstruction or fan damaged	Clean air duct or replace new fan

Fault code	Type of faults	Possible fault reasons	Troubleshooting
E-1	Inverter module protect	Environment temperature high	Decrease environment temperature
		Control board connected or plug-in unit loose	Check and re-wiring
		Current waveform abnormal due to output missing etc.	Check wiring
		Auxiliary power damaged driving voltage under	Contact supplier
		Control board abnormal	Contact supplier
E-1	Peripheral fault	Close external fault	Check the reason
E-1	Current detection circuit fault	Loose wiring or terminal connections	Check and re-wiring
		Auxiliary power source damaged	Contact supplier
		Hall component damaged	Contact supplier
		Abnormal amplifier circuit	Contact supplier
E-1	RS232/4 Communication fault	Wrong baud rate setting	Set baud rate properly
		Serial port communication error	Press STOP key to reset contact supplier
		Improper fault alarm setting	Revise function code P3.09~P3.12
		Upper computer does not connect	Check upper computer connecting cable
E-1	System interference	Serious interference	Press STOP key to reset install input power supply
		DSP read/write error	Reset or contact supplier
E-1	EEPROM error	Read/write error of control parameter	Press STOP key to reset install input power supply
E-1	Motor parameter over current fault	Power range of Motor inverter do not match	Contact supplier Press STOP key to reset
E-1	Input phase loss protect	One of R, S, T port has no voltage	Press STOP key to reset voltage of R, S, T
E-2	Over current fault when restart	Over current when in restart and check speed	Press STOP key to reset relevant parameters

7.2 Fault Record Search

This series inverter record the fault codes occurred in running parameter when last fault occurred. The fault is group.

7.3 Fault Reset

- When fault occurred, please select the following method.
- When fault code is displayed, after ensuring it can be reset.
- Set any one of X1~X8 terminal as external RESET input.
- Cut off power.



ATTENTION

- Reset the inverter after thoroughly investigating the cause and clearing, otherwise, the inverter may be damaged;
- If it can't be reset or fault occurs again after reset because of fault, continuous reset may damage inverter.
- Reset the inverter after waiting for 5min when overcurrent protection occurs.

Peaco Support

Chapter 8

Preservation and Maintenance

- 8.1 Preservation and Maintenance.....
- 8.2 Periodic Preservation and Maintenance.....
- 8.3 Warranty of Inverter.....

8.1 Preservation and Maintenance

Potential hazards exist due to aging, wear and tear of inverter as well as environmental influences to the inverter, such as dust particles etc.. Therefore, daily inspection, periodic preservation must be performed to the inverter and its driving mechanism and operation.

Daily Maintenance

The following must be verified before starting up:

- No abnormal vibration and no abnormal noise;
- No abnormal heat;
- No abnormal ambient temperature;
- The ammeter satisfy the specification;
- Fan is working in good condition.

8.2 Periodic Preservation and Maintenance

8.2.1 Periodic Maintenance

Cut off the power when inverter is maintained thermally. The power indicator light is off. The checking content is shown in table 8-1.

Checking item	Checking content	Troubleshooting
Screws of control cabinet and main circuit terminal	The screws are loose	If loose, tighten them with screw driver
Heat sink	Whether there is dust	Clean thoroughly the heat sink
Printed circuit board	Whether there is dust	Clean thoroughly the printed circuit board
Cooling fans	Whether there is abnormal vibration or abnormal noise	Replace cooling fan
Power element	Whether there is dust	Clean thoroughly the power element
Electrolytic capacitor	Whether there is discoloring, peculiar smell	Replace electrolytic capacitor

table 8-1 Periodic inspections

8.2.2 Thermally maintaining

In order to let inverter work well for a long term, user should maintain inverter thermally. The replace time of element of inverter is shown in table 8-2.

Items	Time criterion
Cooling fans	2-3 years
Electrolytic capacitor	4-5 years
Printed circuit board	5-8 years
Fuse	10 years

Table 8-2 frequency inverter parts replacement

The working condition of the inverter as following:

- Environment temperature: average 30°C;
- Load coefficient: under 80%;
- Running time: under 12 hour everyday.

8.3 Warranty of Inverter

Our company supply warranty in the following condition:

- ① Only inverter in the warranty range;
- ② In the normal using, inverter damaged in 15 month. Our company will charge for the repair service.
- ③ In the following condition in 15 month, our company a repair service:
 - ❑ A. Inverter is damaged caused by user not complying
 - ❑ B. Inverter is damaged caused by fire, flood, and abnormal
 - ❑ C. Inverter is damaged caused by wrong wiring.
 - ❑ D. Inverter is damaged when it is used in the abnormal
- ④ Service charge will be calculated with reference to actual the contract, then according to the contract.

Peaco Support

Chapter 9

Serial Port Communication Protocol

- 9.1 Communication Overview.....
- 9.2 Communication Protocol Specification.....
- 9.3 The ASCII Communication Protocol.....

9.1 Communication overview

Our series of inverters provide users with a common communication interface, in which The MODBUS standard communication. The inverters can be used as slave connected to a PLC controller, PC), both of which have the same communication protocol, for the purpose of centralized monitoring of the system. The inverter can be used as host and other inverters as slaves, all through this communication interface, to achieve multi-machine interconnection. With this communication interface, a Keyboard can also be used for remote operation.

The MODBUS communication protocol of the inverter supports two ways: RTU mode and ASCII, and either can be chosen. This section describes the communication protocol of the inverter.

9.2 Communication protocol specification

9.2.1 Communications networking methods

There are two networking methods with inverter as slave:

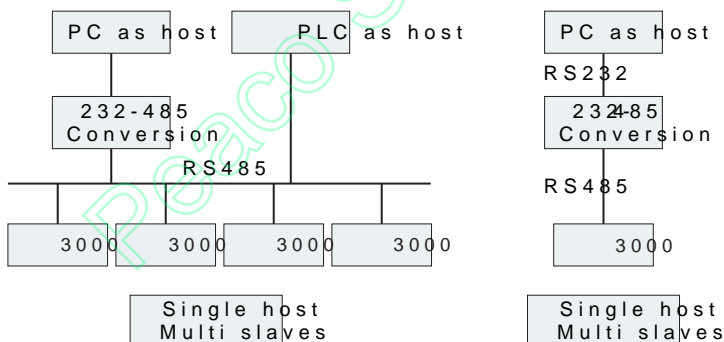


Fig.9-1 networking of slaves

2 networking methods with inverter as slave:

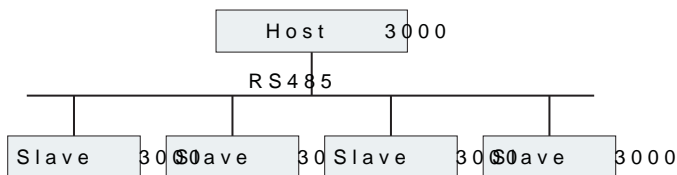


Fig9-2 The networking of multi-machine interaction

9.2.2 Communication protocol

The inverter can either be used as a host or slave in RS485 for controlling other inverters as host to achieve controlled by host (PC or PLC) as a slave. The specific follows:

- Inverter is used as slave, in point-to-point communication mode. Host sends commands from broadcast address, answer;
- Inverter is used as host, sending commands from broadcast, slave doesn't answer;
- The address, baud rate and data format of the inverter are set by the keyboard or the serial communication;
- message of error is reported by slave, in the recent host polling.

9.2.3 Communication Interface

The communication is using RS485 interface, with asynchronous half-duplex transmission. The default communication parameters are:

The default data format: 1 start bit, 7 data bits, 2 stop bits.

The default rate is 9600bps. Communication parameters are set by P3.09 ~ P3.12 function code.

9.3 The ASCII Communication Protocol

Character structure:

10 characters for ASCII

(1-7-2 format, no parity)

Start bit	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	4 BIT	BIT	7 Stop bit	Stop bit
--------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------	-----	------------------	-------------

(1-7-1 format, odd parity)

Start bit	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	4 BIT	BIT	BIT	Parity bit	Stop bit
--------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------	-----	-----	---------------	-------------

(1-7-1 format, even parity)

Start bit	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	4 BIT	BIT	BIT	Parity bit	Stop bit
--------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------	-----	-----	---------------	-------------

11 characters box For RTU

(1-8-2 format, no parity)

Start bit	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	4 BIT	BIT	BIT	Stop bit	Stop bit
--------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------	-----	-----	-------------	-------------

(1-8-1 format, odd parity)

Start bit	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	4 BIT	BIT	BIT	Parity bit	Stop bit
--------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------	-----	-----	---------------	-------------

(1-8-1 format, even parity)

Start bit	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	BIT	4 BIT	BIT	BIT	Even parity bit	Stop bit
--------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------	-----	-----	-----------------------	-------------

Communications data structures

ASCII mode

Frame hex	Start character= 3AH
Address	Address 8-bit address combined with two
Address	
Function	Function code
Function	8-bit address combined with two ASCII co
DATA n -	Data content
&&&&	
DATA 0	high in front and low in post, n <= 4, 8 A
LRC CHK	LRC Check code
LRC CHK	8 check code combined with two ASCII co
END Hi	End character
END	END Hi = CR(0DH), END Lo = CR(0AH)

RTU mode

START	Maintaining no input signal for more than
Address	address 8-bit Binary address
Function	Function code 8-bit Binary address
DATA n - &&&&	Data content N*8-bit data N<=8 less than 8 bytes
DATA 0	
CRC CHK	CRC Check code
CRC CHK	16-bit CRC check code is combined with 2
END	Maintaining no input signal for more than

Address

00H All broadcast from inverters

01H Communication with inverter of 01 address

0FH Communication with inverter of 15 address

10H Communication with inverter of 15 address, and so
FEH

Function and DATA code:

03H Read data from a register

06H Write data to the register.

08H Loop detection.

Function code 03H Read data from a register

For example, read data from the address 2104H of register (C

ASCII mode

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
Header	ÿ --- 3AH	Header	ÿ --- 3AH
Address	0 ---30H	Address	0 ---30H
	1 ---31H		1 ---31H
Function	0 ---30H	Function code	0 ---30H
	3 ---33H		3 ---33H

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
content	2 ---32H	Information number	0 ---30H
	1 ---31H		2 ---32H
	0 ---30H		
	4 ---34H	Content address 21	0 ---30H
			0 ---30H
			0 ---30H
			0 ---30H
LRC CHECK	LRC CHECK D	LRC CHECK	D ---44H
	7 ---37H		7 ---37H
END	END CR ---0D	END	CR ---0DH
	LF ---0AH		LF ---0AH

RTU mode

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
Address	01H	Address	01H
Function code	03H	Function code	03H
content	21H	Information number	02H
CRC CHECK	04H	content	00H
	E8H	CRC CHECK	00H
			0EH
CRC CHECK	4BH	CRC CHECK	37H

Function code 06H Write to register

For example writing function code P0.02=50.00HZ to invert

ASCII mode

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
Header	ÿ -3AH	Header	ÿ -3AH
Address	0 ---30H	Address	0 ---30H
	1 ---31H		1 ---31H

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
Function	0 ---30H	Function code	0 ---30H
	6 ---36H		6 ---36H
content	0 ---30H	content	0 ---30H
	0 ---30H		0 ---30H
	0 ---30H		0 ---30H
	2 ---32H		2 ---32H
	1 ---31H	Data of address 2104H	1 ---31H
	3 ---33H		3 ---33H
	8 ---38H		8 ---38H
	8 ---38H		8 ---38H
LRC CHECK	5 ---35H	LRC CHECK	5 ---35H
	C ---43H		C ---43H
END	CR ---0DH	END	CR ---0DH
	LF ---0AH		LF ---0AH

RTU mode

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
Address	00H	Address	01H
Function code	06H	Function code	06H
content	00H	content	00H
	02H		02H
	13H		13H
	88H		88H
CRC CHECK	25H	CRC CHECK	25H
CRC CHECK	5CH	CRC CHECK	5CH

Function code 08H Communication loop test

This command is used to test the communication between control equipment and inverter. Inverter receives and sends back the control equipment.

ASCII mode

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
Header	ÿ -3AH	Header	ÿ -3AH
Address	0 ---30H	Address	0 ---30H
	1 ---31H		1 ---31H
Function	0 ---30H	Function code	0 ---30H
	8 ---38H		8 ---38H
content	0 ---30H	content	0 ---30H
	1 ---31H		1 ---31H
	0 ---30H		0 ---30H
	2 ---32H		2 ---32H
	0 ---30H	Data of address 2104H	0 ---30H
	3 ---33H		3 ---33H
	0 ---30H		0 ---30H
	4 ---34H		4 ---34H
LRC CHECK	E ---45H	LRC CHECK	E ---45H
	D ---44H		D ---44H
END	CR ---0DH	END	CR ---0DH
	LF ---0AH		LF ---0AH

RTU mode

Asking for information string		Answering information string	
Address	01H	Address	01H
Function code	08H	Function code	08H
content	01H	content	01H
	02H		02H
	03H		03H
	04H		04H
CRC CHECK	41H	CRC CHECK	41H
CRC CHECK	04H	CRC CHECK	04H

Check code:

ASCII code Double byte ASCII code

Calculation method:

For message sending end, the calculation of LRC is the accumulation of the byte from "slave address" to "running code", converted to ASCII code, discarding carry-over, reversing (converting to complement), finally converted to ASCII code, high byte in front, low byte in post. For the same LRC method is used to calculating checksum, comparing it with the received checksum. If they are equal, the message is correct. If not equal, the received message is wrong. The message is discarded with no answering, while the end continues to send data.

RTU mode two bytes of 16 hex

The CRC domain is two bytes, including a binary value, and added to the message by the sending end; while low byte added in post then, so the high byte of CRC is added in front. The receiving device re-calculates the CRC of the message, if the two values are different, the message is discarded, and the message frame is discarded, responding but waiting for the next frame data. CRC check reference to MODBUS protocol specification.

Communication protocol parameter definition:

definition	Parameter address	Function description
Command to invert output 06H	2000H	0001H RUN
		0002H FWD
		0003H REV
		0004H JOG
		0005H FWD JOG
		0006H REV JOG
		0007H DEC and STOP
		0008H STOP
		0009H JOG STOP
		000AH RESET
	2001H	Freq. setting

definition	Parameter address	Function description
Monitor inverter 03H	2100H	Read ERROR code
	2101H	State of inverter
		BIT0: STOP sign, 0: STOP, 1: RUN
		BIT1: Under voltage sign, 1: Under voltage
		BIT2: FWD REV sign, 1: REV, 0: FWD
		BIT3: JOG sign, 1: JOG, 0: NON JOG
		BIT4: Close loop control, 1: Close, 0: Open
		BIT5: swing freq. sign, 1: swing, 0: normal
		BIT6: PLC run sign, 1: PLC run, 0: non run
		BIT7: terminal multi-stage multi-stage 0: single-stage
		BIT8: normal running, 1: normal, 0: non normal
		BIT9: Freq. from comm., 1: yes, 0: no.
		BIT10: Freq. from analog input, 1: yes, 0: no.
		BIT11: run commands from comm., 1: yes, 0: no.
		BIT12: parameter password protection
	2102H	Read Freq. setting
	2103H	Read output Freq.
	2104H	Read output current
	2105H	Read bus voltage
	2106H	Read output voltage
	2107H	Read motor speed
	2108H	Read module temp.
	2109H	Read VI analog input
	210AH	Read CI analog input
	210BH	Read software version
	210CH	Read inverter terminal status
	210DH	Read set pressure
	210EH	Read feedback pressure

Definition	Parameter address	Function description
Read function code 03H	GGnnH GG function code number :function code number	Responding function
Read function code 06H	GGnnH GG function code number :function code number	Function code write inverter

Error code:

Error code	Description
01H	Function code error. it can not be identified
02H	Address error can not be identified
03H	Data error. Data overrun

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